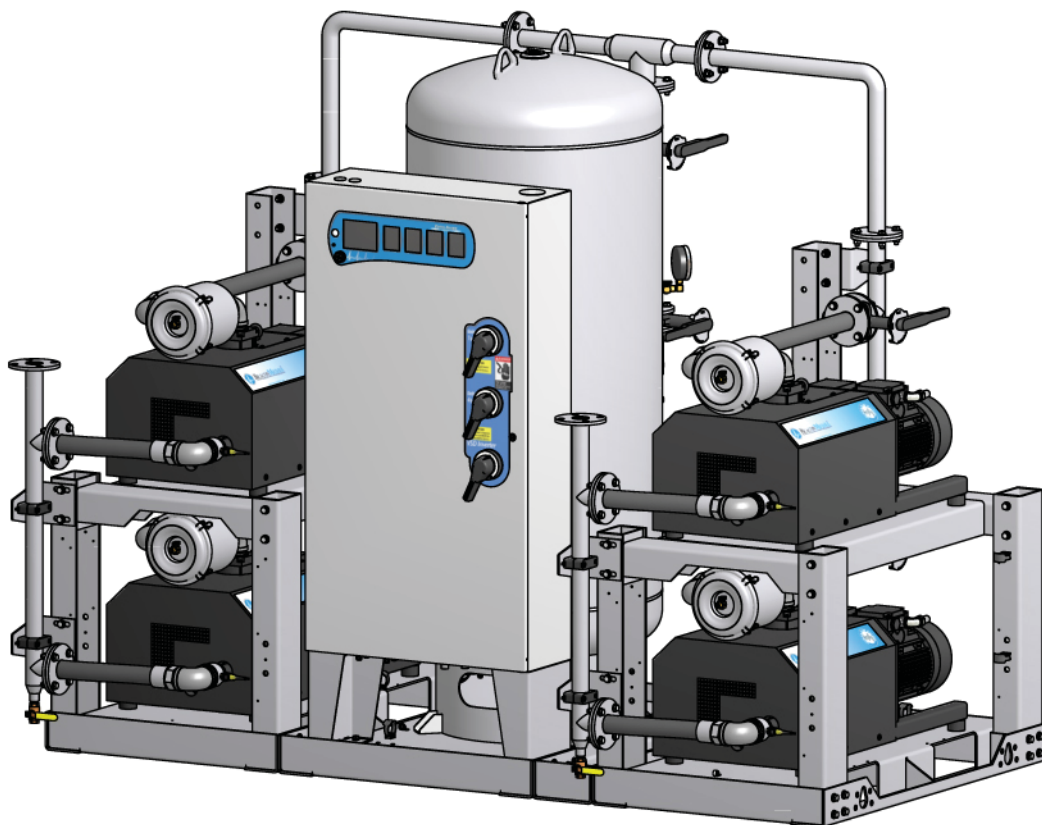


Installation, Operation and Maintenance Instructions



Oil-Less Claw Medical Vacuum System

Part number 4107 9000 95

Revision 04

November 1, 2013



BEACONMEDÆS®



Installation, Operation and Maintenance Manual

Oil-Less Claw Medical Vacuum System and O₂Assured Claw for WAGD Applications

- 2 - 15 Hp
- 5 - 15 Hp with Variable Speed Drive

This unit is purchased from: _____

Date purchased: _____

Model number: _____

Serial number: _____

Option(s) included: _____

Any information, service or spare parts requests should include the machine serial number and be directed to:

BEACONMEDÆS
1800 Overview Drive
Rock Hill, SC 29730

Telephone: (888) 463-3427
Fax: (803) 817-5750

BEACONMEDÆS reserves the right to make changes and improvements to update products sold previously without notice or obligation.

Part number 4107 9000 95
Revision 04
November 1, 2013

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Safety Precautions

The operator should carefully read the entire contents of this manual before installing, wiring, starting, operating, adjusting and maintaining the system.

The operator is expected to use common-sense safety precautions, good workmanship practices and follow any related local safety precautions.

In addition:

- **Before starting any installation or maintenance procedures, disconnect all power to the package.**
- All electrical procedures must be in compliance with all national, state, and local codes and requirements.
- A certified electrician should connect all wiring.
- Refer to the electrical wiring diagram provided with the unit before starting any installation or maintenance work.
- Release all vacuum from the affected components before removing, loosening, or servicing any covers, guards, fittings, connections, or other devices.
- Notify appropriate hospital personnel if repairs or maintenance will affect available vacuum levels.
- Prior to using the LifeLine® Claw Medical Vacuum System, the medical facility must have a Certifier perform all installation tests as specified in NFPA 99. The medical facility is also responsible for ensuring that the medical vacuum meets the minimum requirements for medical vacuum as specified in NFPA 99.
- This is a high speed, rotating piece of machinery. Do not attempt to service any part while machine is in operation.
- To prevent automatic starting, disconnect all electrical power before performing any maintenance functions.
- Do not operate unit without guards, shields or screens in place.
- Make sure that all loose articles, packing material, and tools are clear of the package.
- Check all safety devices periodically for proper operation.
- Electrical service must be the same as specified on the control panel nameplate or damage to the equipment may occur.
- Vibration during shipment can loosen electrical terminals, fuse inserts, and mechanical connections. Tighten all electrical connections prior to energizing the control panel.

1.0 Electromagnetic Immunity

EN 61000-6-2

Medical Electrical Equipment needs special precautions regarding EMC and needs to be installed and put into service according to the EMC information provided in this manual.

Portable and mobile RF communications equipment can affect Medical Electrical Equipment.

The use of accessories, transducers, and cables other than those specified by the manufacturer, may result in decreased immunity of the TotalAlert Embedded control system.

The TotalAlert Embedded control system should not be used adjacent to other equipment. If adjacent use is necessary, the TotalAlert Embedded control system should be observed to verify normal operation in the configuration in which it will be used.

1.0 Electromagnetic Immunity

EN 61000-6-2 (Cont.)

Guidance and manufacturer's declaration - electromagnetic immunity			
The TotalAlert Embedded control system is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of the TotalAlert Embedded control system should assure that it is used in such an environment.			
Immunity test	IEC 60601 test level	Compliance level	Electromagnetic environment - guidance
Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) IEC 61000-4-2	± 6 kV contact ± 8 kV air	± 6 kV contact ± 8 kV air	Floors should be wood, concrete, metal or ceramic tile. If floors are covered with synthetic material, the relative humidity should be at least 30 %.
Electrical fast transient/burst IEC 61000-4-4	± 2 kV for power supply lines ± 1 kV for input/output lines	± 2 kV for power supply lines ± 1 kV for input/output lines	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment.
Surge IEC 61000-4-5	± 1 kV differential mode ± 2 kV common mode	± 1 kV differential mode ± 2 kV common mode	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment
Voltage dips, short Interruptions and voltage variations on power supply input lines IEC 61000-4-11	$< 5\% U_T$ ($> 95\%$ dip in U_T) for 0,5 cycle $< 40\% U_T$ ($> 60\%$ dip in U_T) for 5 cycles $< 70\% U_T$ ($> 30\%$ dip in U_T) for 25 cycles $< 5\% U_T$ ($> 95\%$ dip in U_T) for 5 sec	$< 5\% U_T$ ($> 95\%$ dip in U_T) for 0,5 cycle $< 40\% U_T$ ($> 60\%$ dip in U_T) for 5 cycles $< 70\% U_T$ ($> 30\%$ dip in U_T) for 25 cycles $< 5\% U_T$ ($> 95\%$ dip in U_T) for 5 sec	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment. If the user of the TotalAlert Embedded control system requires continued operation during power mains interruptions, it is recommended that the system be installed on an emergency power service.
Power frequency (50/60 Hz) magnetic field IEC 61000-4-8	3 A/m	3 A/m	Power frequency magnetic fields should be at levels characteristic of a typical location in a typical commercial or hospital environment.
NOTE: U_T is the a.c. mains voltage prior to application of the test level.			

1.0 Electromagnetic Immunity

EN 61000-6-2 (Cont.)

Guidance and manufacturer's declaration - electromagnetic immunity			
The TotalAlert Embedded control system is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of the TotalAlert Embedded control system should assure that it is used in such an environment.			
Immunity test	IEC 60601 test level	Compliance level	Electromagnetic environment - guidance
Conducted RF IEC 61000-4-6	3 Vrms 150 kHz to 80 MHz	3 Vrms	Portable and mobile RF communications equipment should be used no closer to any part of the TotalAlert Embedded control system, including cables, than the recommended separation distance calculated from the equation applicable to the frequency of the transmitter. Recommended separation distance $d = 1,2\sqrt{P}$ $d = 1,2\sqrt{P} \quad 80 \text{ MHz to } 800 \text{ MHz}$ $d = 2,3\sqrt{P} \quad 800 \text{ MHz to } 2,5 \text{ GHz}$ where P is the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in watts (W) according to the transmitter manufacturer and d is the recommended separation distance in metres (m).
Radiated RF IEC 61000-4-3	3 V/m 80 MHz to 2,5 GHz	3 V/m	Field strengths from fixed RF transmitters, as determined by an electromagnetic site survey,^a should be less than the compliance level in each frequency range.^b Interference may occur in the vicinity of equipment marked with the following symbol: 
NOTE 1 At 80 MHz and 800 MHz, the higher frequency range applies.			
NOTE 2 These guidelines may not apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection from structures, objects and people.			
^a Field strengths from fixed transmitters, such as base stations for radio (cellular/cordless) telephones and land mobile radios, amateur radio, AM and FM radio broadcast and TV broadcast cannot be predicted theoretically with accuracy. To assess the electromagnetic environment due to fixed RF transmitters, an electromagnetic site survey should be considered. If the measured field strength in the location in which the TotalAlert Embedded control system is used exceeds the applicable RF compliance level above, the TotalAlert Embedded control system should be observed to verify normal operation. If abnormal performance is observed, additional measures may be necessary, such as reorienting or relocating the TotalAlert Embedded control system. ^b Over the frequency range 150 kHz to 80 MHz, field strengths should be less than 3 V/m.			

2.0 Installation

2.1 Inspection Upon Receiving

The condition of the **LifeLine®** Claw Medical Vacuum System should be carefully inspected upon delivery. Any indication of damage by the carrier should be noted on the delivery receipt, especially if the system will not be immediately uncrated and installed. **BEACONMEDÆS** ships all systems F.O.B. factory; therefore, damage is the responsibility of the carrier, and all claims must be made with them. Claw systems may remain in their shipping containers until ready for installation. If **LifeLine®** Claw systems are to be stored prior to installation, they must be protected from the elements to prevent rust and deterioration.

DO NOT REMOVE the protective covers from the inlet and discharge connection ports of the unit until they are ready for connecting to the hospital's pipeline distribution system.

2.2 Handling

WARNING:

USE APPROPRIATE LOAD RATED LIFTING EQUIPMENT AND OBSERVE SAFE LIFTING PROCEDURES DURING ALL MOVES.

The vacuum package can be moved with either a forklift or dollies. Keep all packing in place during installation to minimize damage. Walk along the route the unit must travel and note dimensions of doorways and low ceilings. **LifeLine®** Claw systems are designed to go through 36" doorways.

Most Single Point Connection systems can be separated to fit through 36" doorways (Pentaplex and Hexaplex control skid bases measure 40.5"). If separating bases, carefully label all removed electrical connections for easier re-assembly at the final destination.

Place units to ensure high visibility of indicators and gauges and for performing maintenance on the system. Refer to your installation diagram. If you do not have one, please contact **BEACONMEDÆS Technical Support** at 888-4-MEDGAS.

2.3 Location

The **LifeLine®** Claw Medical Vacuum system should be installed indoors in a clean, well-ventilated environment. Areas of excessive dust, dirt or other air-borne particulate should be avoided.

Certain considerations should be given to the placement of the system. The package may be installed in a location that is flat, level, and will support its weight. Clearance between the unit and adjacent walls should be no less than 24" to ensure sufficient airflow for cooling. There should be a minimum of three feet of clearance in front of the control panel for safe operation and maintenance. A vertical distance of 24" is required above the modules for ventilation and maintenance.

No special foundation is required. However, all units must be securely bolted using all mounting holes provided. If a raised concrete pad is used, the module bases must not overhang the concrete base. A method to drain away moisture is necessary.

Adequate ventilation is required. The pumps are air-cooled. Therefore, it is very important that the ambient temperature should be between 40°F and 105°F (if the maximum ambient exceeds 105°F, contact factory for special instructions). The system should be located as close as possible to the point of usage to prevent excessive loss of operating vacuum due to pressure drop.

When selecting the location for the system, remember to keep in mind the requirements for service, such as cleaning, changing filters, and changing oil.

2.0 Installation

2.4 Locations Above Sea Level

All vacuum pumps above sea level have reduced flow and should be de-rated. After determining the correct flow needed for the medical vacuum system, multiply this number by the adjustment factor located in Table 2.1. After determining the new flow required, use this number to size the medical vacuum system.

Table 2.1 Altitude Adjustment Factor

Altitude Adjustment Factor		
Altitude (ft)	Normal Barometric Pressure (inches HG)	Multiplier Used for Required SCFM
0	29.92	1.00
500	29.39	1.02
1000	28.86	1.04
1500	28.33	1.06
2000	27.82	1.08
2500	27.32	1.10
3000	26.82	1.12
3500	26.33	1.14
4000	25.84	1.16
>4000	Contact Factory	

2.5 Electrical Requirements

WARNING:

BE SURE THAT ALL POWER IS TURNED OFF PRIOR TO PERFORMING ANY WORK ON THE ELECTRICAL PANEL!

Refer to the electrical diagram provided with the unit before starting any installation or maintenance work.

Do not operate vacuum pump on a voltage other than the voltage specified on the control panel nameplate.

All customer wiring should be in compliance with the National Electrical Code and any other applicable state or local codes.

Refer to the wiring diagram(s) that came with the vacuum pump system for pertinent wiring connections.

Electrical power for the medical system must be supplied from the emergency life support circuit.

Check the control voltage, phase, and amp ratings before starting the electrical installation, and make sure the voltage supplied by the hospital is the same. The wire size should be able to handle peak motor amp load of all operating units. Refer to the vacuum pump system full load amperes on the wiring diagram.

Check all electrical connections within the vacuum system that may have loosened during shipment.

Qualified electricians only should make power connections to the control panel and any interconnecting wiring. The control panel has openings for electrical and alarm/data connections. **Do not drill additional holes in the control panel as this may void the system warranty.** See Figure 2.1 for opening locations.

2.0 Installation



Figure 2.1 Electrical/Alarm/Data Openings

Ensure that the emergency generation system electrical supply is consistent with the vacuum system's requirements.

The electrical controls for the system were wired at the factory and were fully tested.

Three-phase power supplied from emergency generator(s) must match that of the normal supply to allow for correct direction of the motor rotation at all times.

NOTE: It may be necessary to switch two of the leads when performing start-up, if the pump rotation is in the wrong direction.

2.6 Intake Piping

Before connecting any piping, the plastic thread protector installed in the connection port must be removed. We recommend that the main vacuum line to the receiver should not be reduced below that provided on the receiver. Long piping runs may need to be increased in size to minimize pressure drop. Improper line sizing may result in a loss of capacity. Ideally, piping should be constructed using long radius elbows and a minimum number of turns.

All secondary lines should be taken from the top or side of the main line to prevent any accumulated moisture from draining towards the pumps. All lines should slope away from the pumps. Any low points in the piping should be equipped with pipe drains to remove accumulated moisture.

All intake vacuum lines must be piped in accordance with NFPA 99. All pipe must be either seamless copper tubing or other corrosion-resistant metallic tubing, as detailed in NFPA 99.

2.7 Exhaust Piping

The exhaust line must be piped outside of the building in accordance with NFPA 99. To ensure that no restriction of airflow will occur, size the piping according to Table 2.2. All pipe must be either seamless copper tubing or other corrosion-resistant metallic tubing as detailed in NFPA 99. A flexible connector must be installed on each exhaust port of the vacuum pump before connecting to the main exhaust line leading outdoors. Additionally, a drip leg must be installed at each exhaust port connection to allow for the draining of any accumulated moisture (Refer to the installation schematics for more details). The outside pipe must be turned down and screened to prevent contamination.

2.0 Installation

WARNING:

THE VACUUM EXHAUST VENT MUST BE LOCATED AWAY FROM MEDICAL AIR INTAKES, DOORS, AND OPENINGS IN THE BUILDINGS TO MINIMIZE POSSIBLE CONTAMINATION TO THE FACILITY, IN ACCORDANCE WITH NFPA 99.

Table 2.2 Exhaust Pipe Length

System Exhaust Pipe Length (ft) - See Notes												
LifeLine Units	25	50	75	100	150	200	250	300	350	400	450	500
Duplex 2 Hp	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.50
Duplex 3 Hp	1.50	1.50	1.50	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50
Duplex 4 Hp	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	3.00	3.00
Duplex 5.4 Hp	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Duplex 6.4 Hp	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50
Duplex 7.5 Hp	2.50	2.50	2.50	3.00	3.00	3.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Duplex 8.7 Hp	2.50	2.50	3.00	3.00	3.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Duplex 10 Hp	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	5.00
Duplex 15 Hp	3.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Triplex 5.4 Hp	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Triplex 6.4 Hp	2.50	2.50	3.00	3.00	3.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Triplex 7.5 Hp	3.00	3.00	3.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Triplex 8.7 Hp	3.00	3.00	3.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Triplex 10 Hp	3.00	3.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Triplex 15 Hp	4.00	4.00	4.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
Quadruplex 5.4 Hp	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Quadruplex 6.4 Hp	3.00	3.00	3.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Quadruplex 7.5 Hp	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Quadruplex 8.7 Hp	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Quadruplex 10 Hp	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
Quadruplex 15 Hp	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	8.00	8.00
Pentaplex 15 Hp	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00
Hexaplex 15 Hp	5.00	5.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00

- Notes:**
1. All pipe sizes are based on the following: copper pipe (Type L), 14.7 psia.
 2. The minimum pipe size must be maintained for the total length of the exhaust pipe. Use next larger size pipe in the event the minimum size is not available.
 3. When determining the total pipe length, add all the straight lengths of pipe together in addition to the number of elbows times the effective pipe length for that pipe size. (See the table and example below.)

2.0 Installation

Table 2.3 Pipe Length for 90° Elbow

Effective Pipe Length Equivalent to each 90 degree Elbow									
Pipe Size (in.)	1.50	2.00	2.50	3.00	3.50	4.00	5.00	6.00	8.00
Eff. Pipe Length (ft)	4.0	4.9	6.4	7.9	9.4	10.0	11.9	13.2	14.5

Example:

Select the pipe size for a Duplex 7.5 HP with 60 feet of straight pipe and six elbows:

- A) Select the pipe size of 3" diameter for 60 feet of straight pipe.
- B) Determine the eff. Pipe length for an elbow of 3" dia. (EPL= 7.9 ft / elbow).
- C) Calculate the SYSTEM PIPE LENGTH {SPL (3.0" D) = 60 + (6 x 7.9) = 107.4 ft}
- D) Check this SYSTEM PIPE LENGTH to see if it exceeds the minimum pipe size. In this case it does, select the next larger pipe size from the table (D = 4").
- E) To double-check the pipe size, recalculate the SPL with the new diameter. SPL (D = 4") = 60 + (6 x 10.0) = 120 ft. This is in the allowable range.

3.0 Start Up

3.1 Prestart-up

The contractor should notify **BEACONMEDÆS** two weeks prior to start-up date to schedule an appointment for an authorized technician to review the installation prior to start-up.

CAUTION: Failure to install the unit properly and have an authorized technician from **BEACONMEDÆS** start-up the system can void the manufacturer's warranties.

WARNING:

Prior to putting the LifeLine® Claw Medical Vacuum system into use, the medical facility must have a Certifier perform all installation tests as specified in NFPA 99. The medical facility is also responsible for ensuring that the Medical Vacuum meets the minimum requirements for Medical Vacuum as specified in NFPA 99.

Prestart-up and start-up procedures should be performed for a new installation or when major maintenance has been performed.

WARNING:

Have more than one person on hand during prestart-up and start-up procedures to ensure safety and to facilitate certain checks.

The main power source to the control panel should be OFF for the duration of the visual inspection.

Ensure that the equipment is installed on a solid level surface. Walk around the system to ensure that there is enough clearance on all sides to perform operational checks/actions and maintenance. The temperature of the area containing the modules should be approximately 70°F (21.1°C) with a minimum ambient temperature of 40°F (4.4°C) and a maximum ambient temperature of 105°F (40°C).

- Check the intake piping for proper size and connection to the vacuum modules.
- Check all piping system joints that might have come loose during shipment and installation to ensure they are tight.
- Check the air receiver, controls, and pumps for damage.
- Check the drain valve on the air receiver.
- Check all valves for full open and full close travel. Ensure that the system's valves are positioned for proper operation. (Refer to labeling on valve handles)
- **Remove all packing material from the unit.**
- Check the electrical connections to the control cabinet.
- Verify electrical service. Before starting the system, check to see that voltage, amperage, and wire size are appropriate.

CAUTION: Electrical service must be as specified or damage to equipment may occur.

WARNING:

To prevent electrical shock, ensure that ALL electrical power to the system is OFF, including the disconnect switches and Automatic-Off-Manual touch screens on the control panel. The facility's supply circuit breaker should also be locked out.

- Open the electrical cabinet by loosening the fasteners on the front.

CAUTION: Vibration during shipment and installation can loosen electrical terminals, fuse inserts, and mechanical connections. Tighten as necessary.

3.0 Start Up

- Check the electrical cabinet for any broken components.
- Check that all motor starter connections are tight and that there are no loose objects such as terminal lugs, screws, nuts, etc., in the cabinet.

3.2 Initial Start-up

CAUTION: Complete the prestart-up procedure before continuing with the initial start-up procedure

WARNING:

To prevent electrical shock, ensure that ALL electrical power to the system is OFF, including the disconnect switches. The facility's supply circuit breaker should also be locked out.

3.2.1 Lubrication

The pump gears are oil lubricated, but there is no lubricant or sealing fluid inside the pumping chamber.

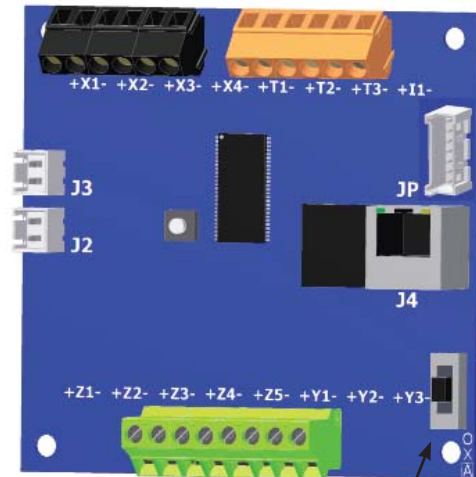
All LifeLine® Claw vacuum pumps are shipped with the required amount of oil for start-up. All models are shipped with the required oil already in the pumps.

3.2.2 Pump Rotation

Inside the control panel, make sure that all unit printed circuit boards are set to the manual override “Off” position. This is indicated by the middle position “X” on the three-position sliding switch as shown in Figure 3.1.

Check all voltages supplied to the LifeLine® system to ensure they are the required value and phases needed by the control panel.

Apply power to the system and turn the disconnect switches to “On”.



Manual Override Switch

O - On Manual
X - Off
A - Automatic

Figure 3.1 Unit PCB Override Switch

Prior to actual operation, the pumps must be checked for correct rotation.

Inside the control cabinet, switch one of the unit printed circuit boards from the manual override “Off” position to the bottom position, the default “Automatic” mode. Make sure the Pump Mode on the Unit touchscreens are in the Off position, see Figures 3.2 and 3.3. (See Figure A.15 for complete list of Screen Toolbar Descriptions)

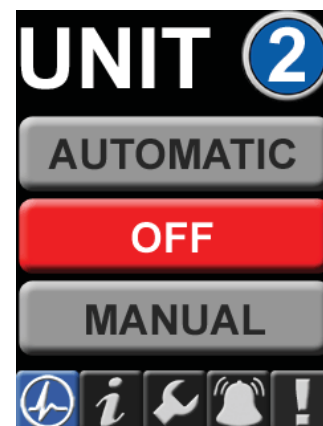


Figure 3.2 Unit Screen - Off Position

3.0 Start Up

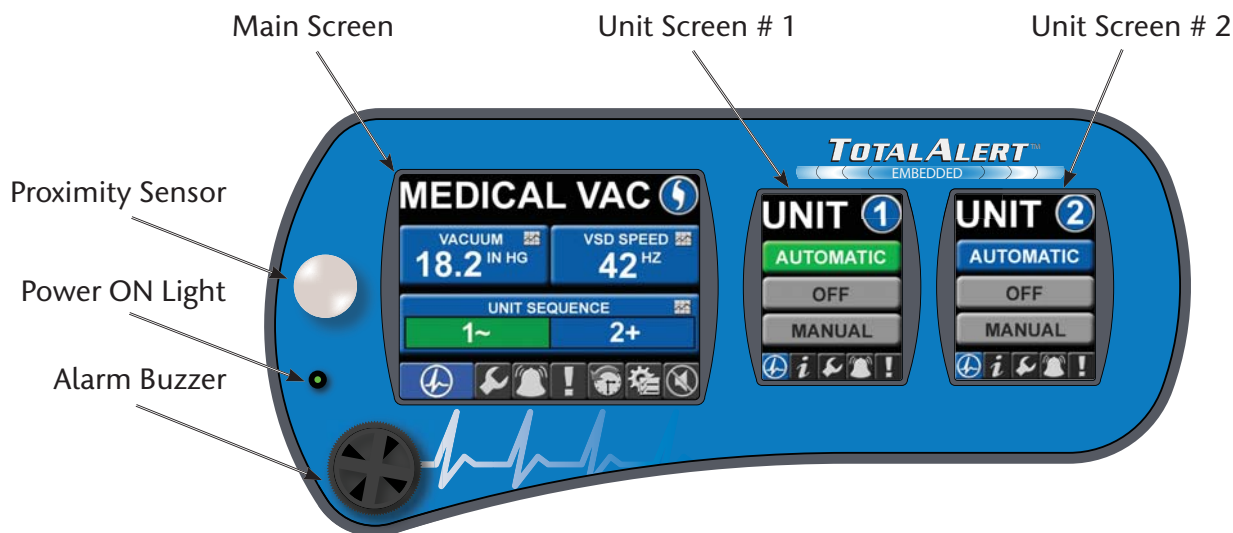


Figure 3.3 Touchscreen Controls

Direct On Line or Wye Delta Starting

Check for correct direction of rotation of each pump by pressing the “Rotation” button on touchscreen display (found in the Service section of the Unit touchscreens) and observing rotation. See Figure 3.4. The Pump Mode for each compressor must be in the Off Position for the Rotation to function.

By observing the cooling fan of the motor, you can determine the rotation of the pump. After pressing the “Rotation” button on the touchscreen, there is a 3 second delay before the pump will start for a brief amount of time. Pump rotation should be counterclockwise when looking at the rear of the motor. Directional arrows are located on each pump.

If the pumps are rotating in the wrong direction, rotation can be reversed by switching any two main power leads to the panel. Correct rotation should be confirmed in the previous manner.

Repeat the process of switching the Unit printed circuit boards from the manual override “Off” position to the default “Automatic” position and testing rotation.

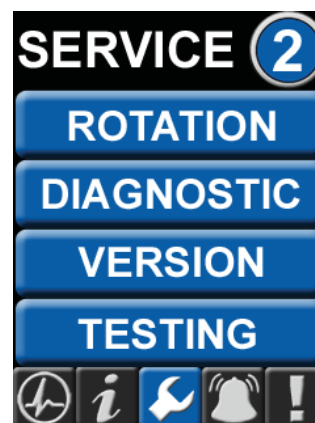


Figure 3.4 Unit Screen - Service: Rotation

Variable Speed Drive

Prior to actual operation, the pumps must be checked for correct rotation in both “Manual” and “Automatic” position. In the “Manual” position, the pump starts Across the Line. In the “Automatic” position, the pump starts with the Variable Speed Drive. It is possible for the pump to turn in one direction when started in the “Manual” position, and then turn the other direction when started in the “Automatic” position. This must be checked using the following two steps.

3.0 Start Up

Step 1: Running Pump without VSD

Check for correct direction of rotation of each pump by pressing the “Rotation” button on the touchscreen display (found in the Service section of the Unit touchscreens) and observing rotation. See Figure 3.4. The Pump Mode for each compressor must be in the Off Position for the Rotation to function.

By observing the cooling fan of the motor, you can determine the rotation of the pump. Pump rotation should be counterclockwise when looking at the rear of the motor. Directional arrows are located on each pump.

If the pumps are rotating in the wrong direction, rotation can be reversed by switching any two main power leads to the panel. Correct rotation should be confirmed in the previous manner.

Step 2: Running Pump with VSD

Check for correct direction of rotation of each pump by pressing the “Automatic” button on the touchscreen display and observing rotation. See Figure 3.5.

By observing the cooling fan of the motor, you can determine the rotation of the pump. Pump rotation should be counterclockwise when looking at the rear of the motor. Directional arrows are located on each pump.

If the pumps are rotating in the wrong direction, rotation can be reversed by switching any two main power leads between the VSD and the motor starter. Correct rotation should be confirmed in the previous manner.

WARNING:

Do not allow the vacuum pump to run backwards.

3.3 Initial Operation

Start each pump by pressing “Automatic” on the touchscreen. See Figure 3.5.



Figure 3.5 Unit Screen - Automatic Mode

WARNING:

Pumps that have reached operating temperature may have a high surface temperature on the top of the exhaust muffler.

DO NOT TOUCH!

Run the pump for two minutes in the correct rotation. Stop the pump and check that the gear box is at the correct oil level, as shown in the sight glass (See Figure 6.1). See Section 6.1.3 for the oil type and quantity. **DO NOT OPEN THE FILLER PORT WHILE THE PUMP IS RUNNING.**

After testing each pump, if everything appears normal, put each pump into the “Automatic” mode and allow each pump to run until vacuum builds. Check for any leaks in the piping. Repair leaks, if needed.

4.0 General Operation

WARNING:

NEVER RUN THE PUMP WITHOUT LUBRICATING OIL!

4.1 Electrical Control Panel

The LifeLine multiplex control system is U.L. labeled. The control system has a touch screen control, single variable speed drive (VSD Control only), automatic lead/lag sequencing, external operators with circuit breaker disconnects, full voltage motor starters and VSD contactors (VSD Control only), overload protection, 24V control circuit, and automatic-off-manual selector for each vacuum pump. Automatic alternation of all vacuum pumps is based on first-on/first-off principle with provisions for simultaneous operation if required. Automatic activation of reserve unit, if required, will activate an audible alarm as well as a visual alarm on the control panel. The control panel displays service alert, run hours for each vacuum pump, system status, system vacuum level, and high discharge air temperature. A complete alarm and service history is available on the control panel. (see Appendix A for more details)

During normal operation, all pumps should be in the “Automatic” position so that the control system can effectively run the system. The control system monitors the system vacuum level, starts and stops the pumps depending on changing vacuum level conditions and minimum run time values, and automatically alternates the lead position between units.

On the **initial** system start-up, when the system vacuum level is below the set point of the vacuum transducer, pump 1 will start immediately. Another pump starts after a programmed time delay. The time delay prevents high inrush current after a power failure or emergency power switch over. During this initial system start-up, the lag alarm may come on at this point and is normal. It can be reset once the system reaches its normal operating vacuum and the lag pump times out and stops. See Figure 4.1.

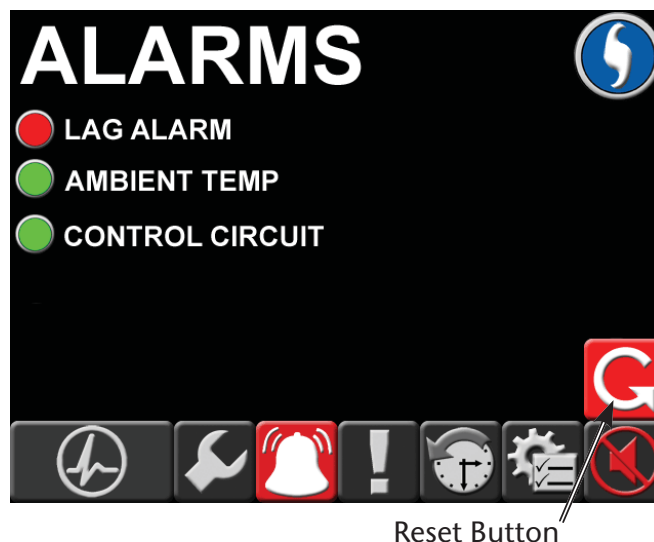


Figure 4.1 Main Screen - Reset Button (DOL shown)

In a typical **duplex** system, one pump will be able to handle the system load. The control system will signal the lead pump to start when the vacuum transducer senses the vacuum level below its set point. If one pump can carry the load, then the vacuum level will rise and maintain the vacuum level setting. At this point, if the minimum run timer for that pump has been satisfied, the control system will turn off the lead pump. If the minimum run timer for that pump has not been satisfied, the lead pump will continue to run until the timer expires. When the system vacuum drops again and below the vacuum level setting, the control system will automatically sequence the lead role to the other pump and will start it. This is also known as “first on/first off” instead of the more traditional “last on/first off”.

With the “first on/first off” sequencing technique, starts and stops on the pump are minimized. If the lead pump runs continuously in lead for more than the minimum run time, the control system will automatically sequence the pump attempting to evenly distribute the run time among all available pumps. If during operation, the second pump is required to come on in addition to the lead pump, the control system will turn on the “Lag Alarm” (see section 4.3).

4.0 General Operation

In a **triplex** or **quadruplex** system, the operation is very similar to the duplex operation described above with the following differences. With a triplex or a quadruplex system, the lag unit running alarm may not necessarily correspond to the third or fourth pump coming on. To determine when the control system turns on the lag alarm, it counts the number of units in the “Automatic” position and makes a decision based on the vacuum transducer signal. A lag alarm occurs when the last available pump (in automatic) starts.

4.1.1 Run Timer

Direct On Line or Wye Delta Starting

All LifeLine vacuum systems incorporate run timers to minimize the starts and stops on the vacuum pumps. After the pump has stopped, its runtime will be adjusted based on how long the lead pump is off.

- 2 Hp through 5.4 Hp pumps runtime range is 2.5 - 10 minutes
- 6.4 Hp through 15 Hp pumps runtime range is 5 - 15 minutes

Variable Speed Drive

After a pump has started, its runtime will depend on the vacuum level of the system. If the vacuum level exceeds the set point by 0.5 Hg, the pump will stop after 5 minutes. If the vacuum level remains within +/- 0.5 Hg of the set point, the pump will run for 50 minutes.

4.2 Tank Drains

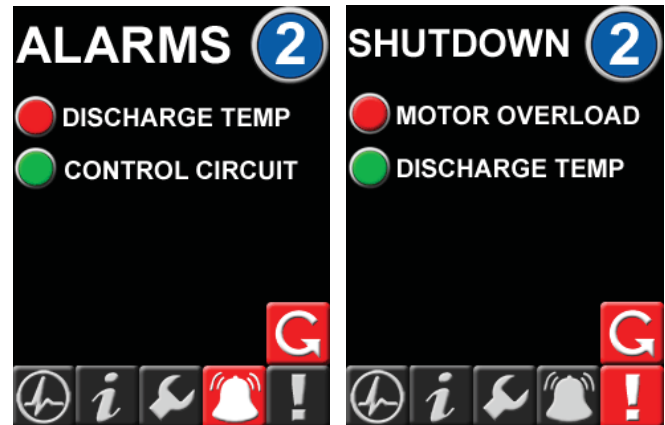
The standard tank drain consists of a manually operated ball valve.

To drain the liquid from the tank, open the tank bypass valve and close the tank isolation valves. Then open the vent and drain valves. When draining is complete, close the vent and drain valves first, then open the tank isolation valves and close the tank bypass valve.

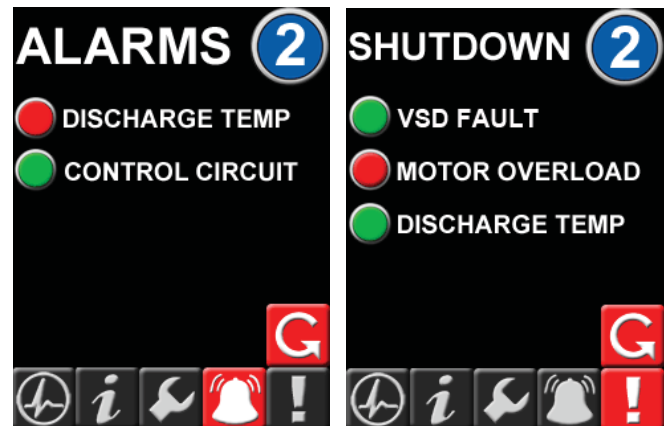
4.3 Emergency Shutdown / Alarms

The following conditions may arise during operation.

4.3.1 Unit Shutdown / Alarms



Unit Screens - DOL Systems



Unit Screens - VSD Systems

Figure 4.2 Unit Screens - Shutdown and Alarms

Motor Overload Shutdown - This will shut down the pump in question and will not re-start until the reset button on the starter is reset (See “Motor breakers trip constantly” in the Trouble Shooting Section 5.0). Press the alarm silence button on the main display screen to silence the alarm. The Shutdown indicator on the main screen and the unit screen will remain “Red” until motor starter or VSD is reset.

4.0 General Operation

High Discharge Exhaust Temperature Shutdown

This will shut down the vacuum pump in question and not restart until the condition is corrected, the “Reset” button pushed and the “Automatic” button is pressed on the control panel. Before allowing the unit to re-start, the condition should be checked (see “Pump overheats” in the Trouble Shooting Section 5.0). Even after resetting the alarm and putting the vacuum unit in “Automatic” mode, the unit may not re-start, depending on system sequencing and system pressure.

VSD Fault Shutdown (VSD Systems only) - If a VSD Fault occurs while running on a particular unit, the unit will shutdown and not restart. Before resetting, investigate the cause of the shutdown to make sure there is no damage to the unit. To reset, push the “Reset” button on the unit screen to allow the pump to be available. On the Alarm page of the main screen, press the “Reset” button to enable the VSD to operate.

High Discharge Exhaust Temperature Alarm

This will not shut down the pump in question but instead is a warning that a shutdown is likely to occur. The condition should be checked immediately (see “Pump overheats” in the Trouble Shooting Section 5.0) to avoid a pump shutdown.

Control Circuit Alarm - This will not shut down the pump in question but instead is a notification that there is a loss of communication between printed circuit boards within the control panel. See Appendix A on Control System for trouble shooting.

4.3.2 System Alarms

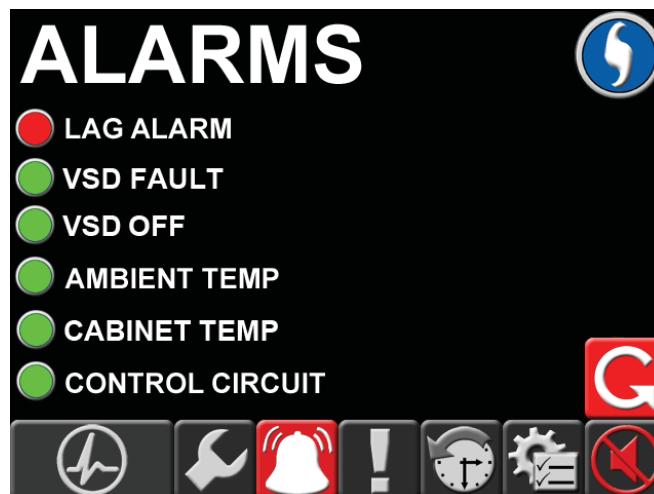


Figure 4.3 Main Screen - Alarms (VSD shown)

Lag Unit Running Alarm - This alarm will activate if the last available vacuum pump comes on. Press the alarm silence button on the main display screen to silence the alarm. If a lag condition remains, the “Red” indicating light on the Main screen will remain on. Once the lag condition is corrected, press the reset button to turn off alarm light on display screen.

In the case of a duplex system, it will activate when the second vacuum pump turns on based on the signal from the vacuum transducer. In the case of a multiplex system, the lag alarm will activate when the last available unit is required to come on. For example, in a quadruplex system, if all four pumps are set to “Automatic”, then the lag alarm will trigger when the fourth unit comes on. If on the same system, three (3) of the four pumps are set to “Automatic” and the other to “Off” or “Manual”, then the lag alarm will activate when the third unit comes on. In the event the lag alarm is persistent, check to see if any leaks or valves are open downstream or reduce the system load.

Please note that the lag alarm may not be reset if the lag pump is still running. This can happen due to the run timer not having expired, but the lag vacuum level itself may be above the alarm setting.

4.0 General Operation

The Lag Alarm will activate if the vacuum transducer signal circuit is lost or the transducer malfunctions. Press the alarm silence button on the main display screen to silence the alarm (see Troubleshooting Section 5). The vacuum level reading on the main display will read “ERR” when this alarm occurs. The vacuum system will continue to run off the backup vacuum switch.

VSD Fault Alarm (VSD Systems only) - A VSD Fault Alarm occurs due to a malfunction of the VSD inverter. Before resetting the alarm, investigate the cause of the alarm to make sure there is no damage to the VSD inverter. See Section B.3 in Appendix B for VSD Inverter Trouble Shooting. To reset, press the “Reset” button on the Alarm page of the main screen to enable the VSD to operate.

VSD Off Alarm (VSD Systems only) - A VSD Off Alarm occurs due to the VSD inverter shutting down and becoming unavailable for operation. Before resetting the alarm, investigate the cause of the alarm to make sure there is no damage to the VSD inverter. See Section B.3 in Appendix B for VSD Inverter Trouble Shooting and for instructions to restart the inverter. To reset, press the “Reset” button on the Alarm page of the main screen to enable the VSD to operate.

Ambient Temperature Alarm - This alarm will activate when the temperature in the room exceeds the set point. The touchscreen will show an active alarm and record it in the event log. The alarm remains latched until the alarm condition is reset by the operator.

Cabinet Temperature Alarm (VSD Systems only)
This alarm will activate when the temperature inside the control cabinet exceeds the set point. Check the side panel filters to make sure these are not clogged. The touchscreen will show an active alarm and record it in the event log. The alarm remains latched until the alarm condition is reset by the operator.

4.3.3 Service Warnings

Service Due Alarm - Service intervals and type of service are preprogrammed into the control system. The background of the wrench icon on the main display screen toolbar will turn red when one of these services are required. See Table 6.1 Maintenance Schedules.

4.0 General Operation

4.4 Backup Vacuum Switch Set Point Adjustments

The backup switch is set at the factory to the operating point(s) as stated on the wiring diagram supplied with the unit. It is good practice to cycle the switch to determine actual operating points before proceeding with readjustment. Refer to Figure 4.4 for location of adjustment.

CAUTION:

- ALWAYS change vacuum setting gradually.
- ALWAYS check switch setting before making any adjustments.
- DO NOT force adjustment sleeve when it becomes difficult to turn.
- ALWAYS isolate the vacuum transducer before making any adjustments to the backup vacuum switch.

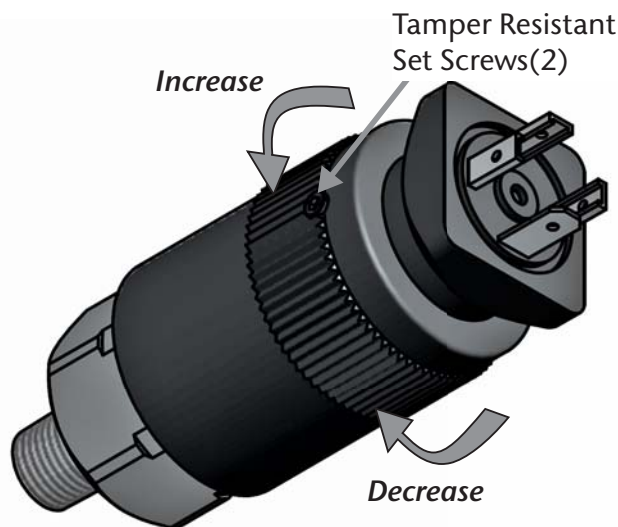


Figure 4.4 Backup Vacuum Switch

Adjusting Instructions

1. To make an adjustment, loosen the tamper resistant set screws (2) on the adjustment sleeve.
2. Secure the hex body with an open-end wrench. Hand turn the adjustment sleeve: counter-clockwise to increase and clockwise to decrease the set point. The backup vacuum switch should always be set with falling vacuum level starting at a vacuum level higher than the setpoint.
3. Using the vacuum gauge determine the actuation point of the switch.
4. If the actuation point is above the desired value, turn the adjustment sleeve clockwise to decrease the actuation point, and if it is below, turn the adjustment sleeve counter-clockwise to increase it.
5. For exact vacuum setting, cycle vacuum switch and make fine adjustments by repeating steps 2 through 4 (trial and error process) until the desired setting is obtained.
6. Secure the tamper resistant set screws (2) on the adjustment sleeve.

CAUTION: Do not over tighten set screws.

5.0 Trouble Shooting

Problem	Possible Causes	Solution
Power failure	Main fuse blown	Replace fuse
	Fuse blown in control circuit	Replace fuse
Unit lacks sufficient vacuum or lag alarm has occurred	Clogged Filters	Clean filters
	Vacuum relief valves need adjusting	Re-calibrate relief valve (6.4-15 Hp only)
	Restrictions in piping	Check for dirty/clogged inlet filter
	Leaks in piping	Correct piping leaks
	Insufficient pump speed (RPM)	Check voltage and amperage to motor Inspect motor and coupling halves Check that the pump shaft turns freely
	Line losses too high	Piping diameter too small- replace with larger diameter
	Unit is operating at an elevated altitude	Contact the factory for assistance. Performance may be reduced when operating above sea level
	Transducer fault with lag alarm	Replace Transducer
Motor breakers trip constantly	Defective motor	Test motor and replace if necessary
	Overload incorrectly adjusted or defective	Adjust or replace overload
	Low motor voltage	Check at motor terminals Contact electric service provider
	Ambient temperature too high	Reduce ambient temperature
VSD breakers trip constantly	Defective motor	Test motor and replace if necessary
	VSD overload adjusted incorrectly	Adjust overload
	Low motor voltage	Check at motor terminals Contact electric service provider
	Ambient temperature too high	Reduce ambient temperature
	VSD defective	Replace VSD

5.0 Trouble Shooting

Problem	Possible Causes	Solution
Pump overheats	Cooling ducts blocked	Clean cooling ducts
	Cooling fan broken	Replace fan
	High ambient temperature	Ventilate or cool room
	Vacuum too high	Adjust vacuum settings or relief valve
	Inlet restricted	Remove restriction
	Exhaust restricted	Remove restriction
	The gearcase may be low/ empty of oil, has contaminated oil or was filled with an incorrect type of oil.	If the oil level is found to be low, immediately shut off the pump, drain the remaining oil from the gearcase and replenish with new fresh oil. If an incorrect oil type or contamination is found, contact the factory for assistance. Refer to Section 5.1 for the correct oil type.
Unit runs rough and cannot be rotated manually	Worn coupling	Remove motor & inspect coupling element Replace, if necessary
	Worn bearings	Contact factory for assistance
High vacuum level	Vacuum relief valves need adjusting	Contact factory for assistance
	Vacuum setting out of adjustment	Adjust vacuum setting on main display
Excessive noise level	The coupling rubbers may be worn	See “Worn coupling” above
	Internal pump damage	Contact factory for assistance

6.0 Maintenance

6.1 General Maintenance

WARNING:

ISOLATE POWER BEFORE STARTING ANY MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES, TO PREVENT ELECTRICAL SHOCK OR ACCIDENTAL STARTING OF EQUIPMENT.

WARNING:

Pumps that have reached normal operating temperature may have a high surface temperature.

Do not perform any maintenance until after a sufficient cool down period.

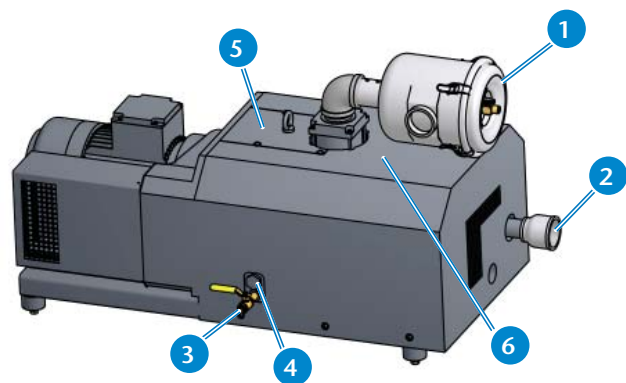
Never perform any maintenance functions while the unit is in operation.

Table 6.1 Maintenance Schedule

Item	Frequency	Action
Exhaust drip leg	Daily/Adjust as needed	Check for accumulated moisture
Inlet filters	Check Monthly Replace Annually or as needed	Inspect Replace the inlet filter elements
VSD Control Panel Filter (VSD Only)	Check Monthly Clean Annually or as needed	Inspect Remove filters and wash, dry, and reinstall
Oil Level	Check weekly	Top off only when unit is not running
Oil	10,000 hours	Change oil
Motor bearings* 2 - 15 HP units	Annually	17 grams of grease per fitting
Pump bearings* 2 - 10 HP units 15 HP units	Not required 6 months	Not required for these models Fill until grease flows from relief port
Coupling	2 years	Remove motor in order to inspect coupling elements for wear. Replace as needed

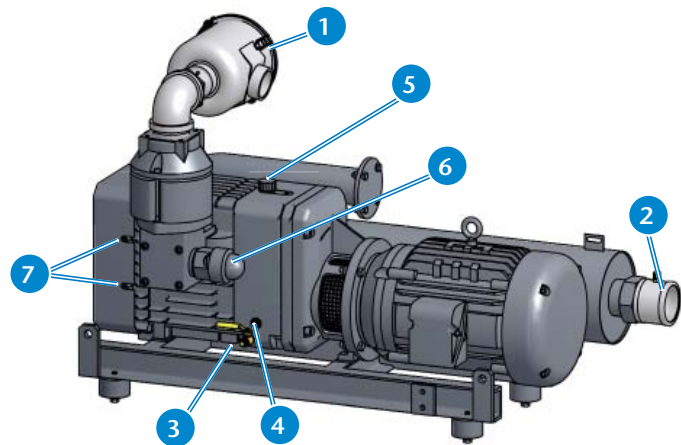
* Refer to the sections 6.1.5 and 6.1.6 for grease specifications.

6.0 Maintenance

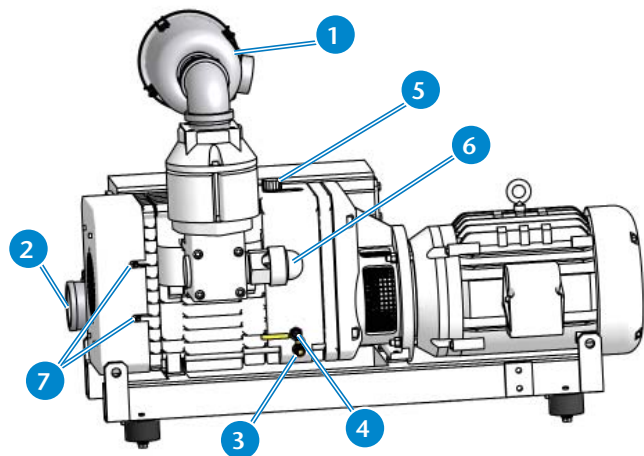


2 - 10 Hp
Standard and O₂Assured

Pump Maintenance Components	
1	Inlet Filter (Suction)
2	Discharge
3	Oil Drain Valve
4	Oil Sight Glass
5	Vent Valve / Oil Fill Port
6	Vacuum Relief Valve
7	Back-Side Bearing Grease Fittings



15 Hp Standard



15 Hp O₂Assured

Figure 6.1 Vacuum Pumps

6.1.1 Pumps

Maintain the pump regularly to achieve the best operating results. Maintenance intervals will depend on the pump's use and ambient conditions. Each pump in the LifeLine system has an oil-lubricated gear box but there is no lubricant in the pumping chamber.

Do not run pumps without oil in the gear box.

6.1.2 Oil Type

- a) **Standard Claw** - See Section 7.1 for listing of oil change kits.
- b) **O₂Assured Claw** - Use only **BEACONMEDÆS** O₂Assured oil. Failure to use the proper lubricant may void the warranty. **BEACONMEDÆS** O₂Assured oil is inert in the presence of oxygen that may be in your vacuum system. See Section 7.1 for listing of oil change kits.

Contact **BEACONMEDÆS** Tech Support for additional information.

NOTE: If changing brands of oil, it is important to completely drain out all oil from the pump.

6.0 Maintenance

6.1.3 Gear Box Lubrication

CAUTION: Oil and used oil must be disposed of corresponding with the relevant health, safety and environmental laws.

Check the oil level regularly by observing the built-in sight glass (4). Each pump requires the proper oil to operate correctly (see Section 6.1.3 for the correct oil types). The oil should be changed every 10,000 hours of operation. The oil will need to be changed more frequently when operating at ambient temperatures above 105°F. An oil analysis kit is available to check oil quality and help determine best service interval for the operating conditions. See Oil Analysis Kit in Sections 7.1 and 7.2. Contact **BEACONMEDÆS** Tech Support for additional information.

The following table describes the oil quantity capacity per pump. See the pump nameplate for the pump model number.

Table 6.2 Oil Quantity per Pump

Pump Model	Oil Quantity (liters)	
	Standard	O ₂ Assured
MM1104	.85	.85
MM1144	.85	.85
MM1102	.85	.85
MM1142	.85	.85
MM1202	1.0	1.0
MM1252	1.0	1.0
MM1322	1.0	1.0
MM1402	1.0	1.0
MI1502	.6	.6

6.1.4 Bearing Lubrication

CAUTION: Shut down the vacuum pump and lock & tag out the electrical controls for that pump prior to greasing the pump bearings.

Standard Claw

The back side bearings of the 15 HP vacuum units need to be greased every 6 months. Use a grease gun to fill until grease flows from relief port (see 2 greasing points (7) (Ref. Fig 6.1). The greasing interval should be cut in half when operating at high ambient temperatures. See Section 7.1 for listing of grease service kits for Standard Claw Systems.

O₂ Assured Claw

The back side bearings of the 15 HP vacuum units need to be greased every 6 months. Each bearing requires 50 grams of grease.

Remove fan cover on the end of the pump opposite the motor. Follow this procedure for each bearing:

1. Remove the bearing cap.
2. Clean all old grease from the cap and face of the bearing.
3. Use a clean cloth and wear latex gloves, so that no contaminants are introduced into the bearing.
4. Pack 6.5 grams of grease into the bearing (using your finger).
5. Pack the balance of the grease (43.5 grams) into the cap.
6. Reinstall the bearing cap.
7. Reinstall the fan cover.

The greasing interval should be cut in half when operating at high ambient temperatures.

Use only BeaconMedæS O₂ Assured grease. Failure to use the proper grease may void the warranty. BEACONMEDÆS O₂ Assured grease is inert in the presence of oxygen that may be in your vacuum system.

See Section 7.1 for listing of grease service kits for O₂ Assured Claw Systems.

6.0 Maintenance

6.1.5 Motor Lubrication

If greasing the motor becomes necessary, wipe the fittings completely clean and use clean equipment. More bearing failures are caused by dirt introduced by greasing than from insufficient grease. Be careful not to over-grease the motor. Slowly apply the recommended amount of grease, taking 1 minute or so to apply. Motors are pre-greased, normally with Polyrex EM (Exxon Mobil). Mixing dissimilar grease is not recommended.

The following table describes the motors that may require greasing. See the pump nameplate for the pump model number.

Table 6.3 Motor Lubrication

Pump Model	Greaseable Motor Bearings	
	Standard	O ₂ Assured
MM1104	Yes	Yes
MM1144	Yes	Yes
MM1102	Yes	Yes
MM1142	Yes	Yes
MM1202	No	No
MM1252	No	No
MM1322	No	No
MM1402	No	No
MI1502	Yes	Yes

6.1.6 Exhaust Drip Leg Valve

Each pump should have a drip leg at the exhaust port on the pump. This valve should be checked daily at first, then depending on the moisture accumulated, could be checked less frequently.

6.1.7 Inlet Filters

The capacity of the vacuum pump can be reduced if the air inlet filters (M) are not maintained correctly. The inlet filter cartridges should initially be cleaned monthly and changed yearly depending on the degree of contamination.

6.1.8 Coupling Inserts

Remove the motor and inspect the condition of the coupling insert. Replace as needed.

Contact BeaconMedæ's Tech Support for additional information.

6.1.9 Monthly Inspections

A general inspection should be performed on a regular basis (monthly) for safety items. Items to inspect include all wiring, flex hoses, and other items. If a damaged item is viewed, call your local **BEACONMEDÆS** service technician for a thorough inspection and report of findings.

6.1.10 Every Six Months

A thorough inspection of the vacuum pump cooling air intake and discharge grating should be performed at least every six months or more frequently if conditions require. If a dust/dirt buildup is visible, clean the grating to remove the buildup. Excess dust/dirt buildup in these areas will prevent air from cooling the vacuum pump, affecting performance of the vacuum system.

6.1.11 Oil Leak

If upon inspection of the vacuum system, a noticeable amount of oil is seen on the base of the system or on the floor around the system, immediate action is required to prevent the possibility of injury. Using an oil absorbent or like product, absorb the oil on the base frame or floor to remove the potential of slipping. Call your local **BEACONMEDÆS** service technician for a thorough inspection of the vacuum pumps.

7.0 Replacement / Maintenance Parts

7.1 Service Kits for Standard Claw Systems

KIT NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY	WHERE USED	CONTENTS
6-Month Basic Service Kit for 15 Hp Standard Claw Systems				
4107 4001 14	KIT - Claw Vacuum Pump Bearing Grease	1 per pump	15 Hp B-Side Bearings	(1) High melting point grease (400g tube)
1-Year Basic Service Kit for Standard Claw Systems				
4107 4001 15	KIT - Claw Vacuum Basic Size A	1 per pump	2 - 5.4 Hp	Filter element
4107 4001 16	KIT - Claw Vacuum Basic Size B	1 per pump	6.4 - 15 Hp	Filter element
10,000 Hour Oil Change Kits for Standard Claw Systems				
4107 4001 17	KIT - Claw Vacuum Oil Change Size A	1 per pump	2 - 5.4 Hp	(1) Vent Valve (1 Qt) Synchronising Gear Operating Fluid
4107 4001 18	KIT - Claw Vacuum Oil Change Size B	1 per pump	6.4 - 15 Hp	(1) Vent Valve (1 Qt) Synchronising Gear Operating Fluid
Oil Analysis Kit for Standard Claw Systems				
4107 4001 26	KIT - Oil Analysis Kit for Standard Claw Systems	1 per pump	All systems	(1) Oil sample container (1) Instruction form
Replacement Parts				
4107 6541 85	Coupling Insert	1 per pump	2 Hp - 7.5 Hp	(1) Coupling insert
4107 6541 86	Coupling Insert	1 per pump	8.7 Hp - 10* Hp (MM1322)	(1) Coupling insert
4107 6541 87	Coupling Insert	1 per pump	10* Hp (MM1402)	(1) Coupling insert
4107 6541 88	Coupling (Complete)	1 per pump	15 Hp	(1) Complete coupling

Note: There are two models of 10 Hp Claw pumps: MM1322 and MM1402. See pump nameplate to identify pump model.

7.0 Replacement / Maintenance Parts

7.2 Service Kits for O₂Assured Claw Systems

KIT NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY	WHERE USED	CONTENTS
6-Month Basic Service Kit for 15 Hp O₂Assured Claw Systems				
4107 4001 25	KIT - Claw Vacuum Pump Bearing Grease O ₂ Assured	1 per pump	15 Hp B-Side Bearings	(1) High melting point grease (400g tube)
1-Year Basic Service Kit for O₂Assured Claw Systems				
4107 4001 19	KIT - Claw Vacuum Basic Size A O ₂ Assured	1 per pump	2 - 5.4 Hp	Filter element
4107 4001 20	KIT - Claw Vacuum Basic Size B O ₂ Assured	1 per pump	6.4 - 15 Hp	Filter element
10,000 Hour Oil Change Kits for O₂Assured Claw Systems				
4107 4001 21	KIT - Claw Vacuum Oil Change Size A O ₂ Assured	1 per pump	2 - 5.4 Hp	(1) Vent Valve (2 Pt) Synchronising Gear Operating Fluid
4107 4001 22	KIT - Claw Vacuum Oil Change Size B O ₂ Assured	1 per pump	6.4 - 15 Hp	(1) Vent Valve (2 Pt) Synchronising Gear Operating Fluid
Oil Analysis Kit for O₂ Assured Claw Systems				
4107 4001 27	KIT - Claw Vacuum Oil Analysis O ₂ Assured	1 per pump	All systems	(1) Oil sample container (1) Instruction form
Replacement Parts				
4107 6541 85	Coupling Insert	1 per pump	2 Hp - 7.5 Hp	(1) Coupling insert
4107 6541 86	Coupling Insert	1 per pump	8.7 Hp - 10* Hp (MM1322)	(1) Coupling insert
4107 6541 87	Coupling Insert	1 per pump	10* Hp (MM1402)	(1) Coupling insert
4107 6541 88	Coupling (Complete)	1 per pump	15 Hp	(1) Complete coupling

Note: There are two models of 10 Hp Claw pumps: MM1322 and MM1402. See pump nameplate to identify pump model.

8.0 Maintenance Record

Model Number _____

Serial Number _____

Installation Date _____

Date of Service								
Hours								
Load								
Ambient Temp.								
Vacuum Level								
Inlet Filters								
Inlet Check Valve								
Gear Box Oil Change								
Pump Bearings								
Motor Bearings								
Coupling Inserts								
Discharge Screens								
Relief Valves								
Misc.								
Serviced By								

8.0 Maintenance Record

Model Number _____

Serial Number _____

Installation Date _____

Date of Service								
Hours								
Load								
Ambient Temp.								
Vacuum Level								
Inlet Filters								
Inlet Check Valve								
Gear Box Oil Change								
Pump Bearings								
Motor Bearings								
Coupling Inserts								
Discharge Screens								
Relief Valves								
Misc.								
Serviced By								

Appendix A: TotalAlert Embedded Control System

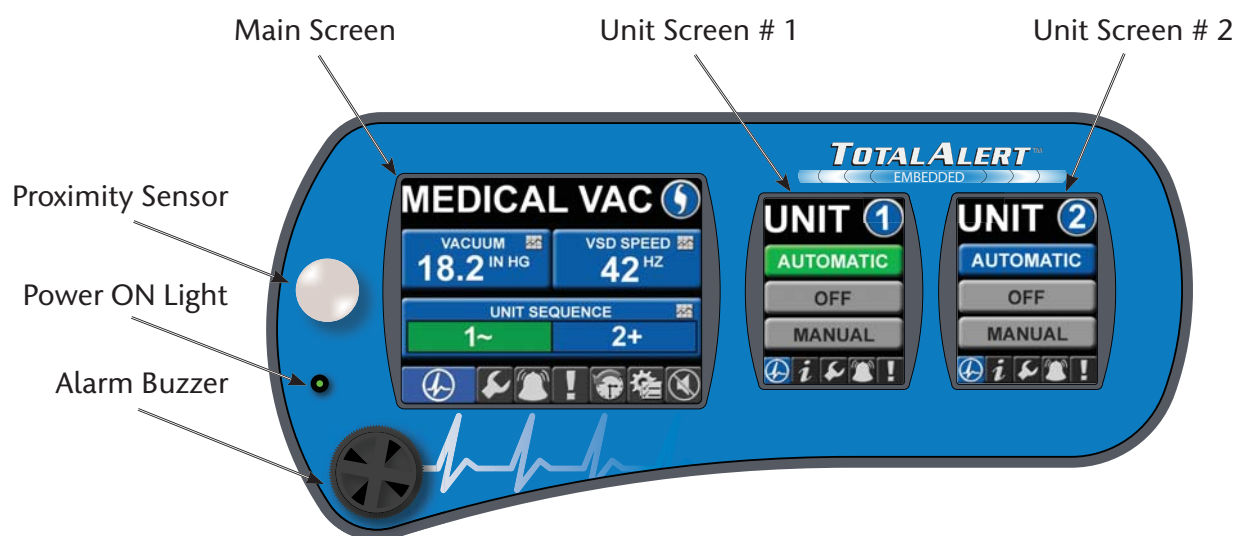
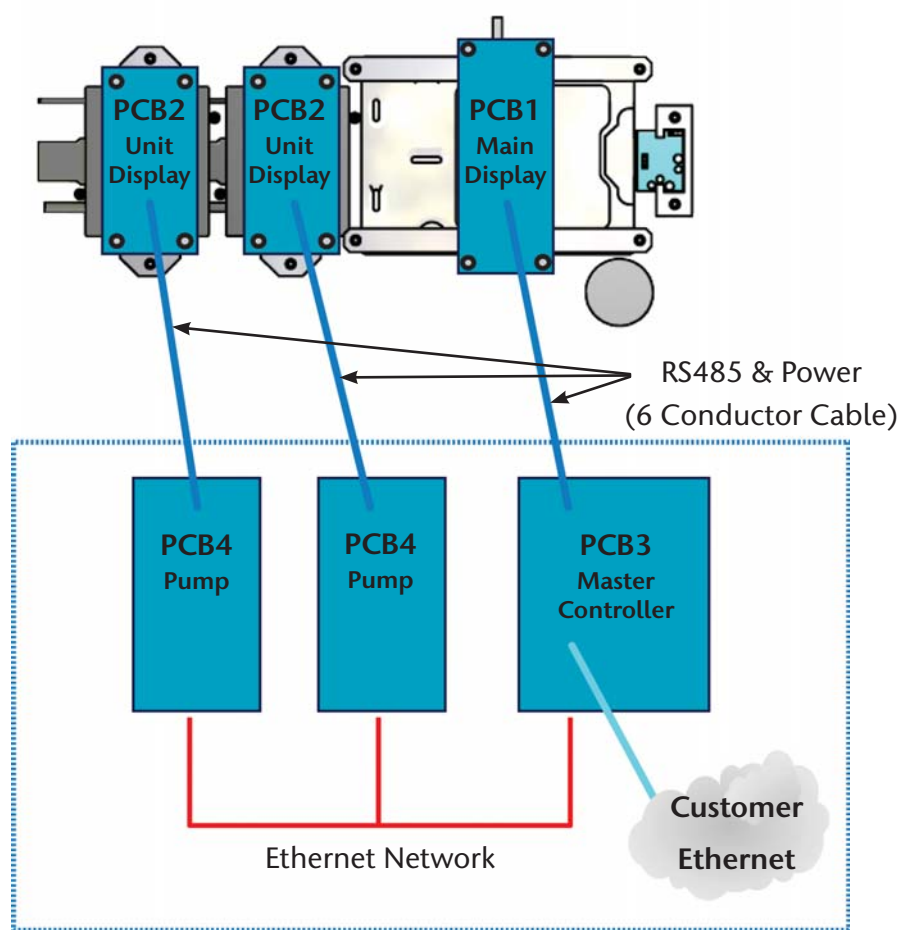


Figure A.1 Touchscreen Controls



PCB3 & PCB4 Mounted on Back Panel

Figure A.2 Duplex Medical Vacuum Configuration - Printed Circuit Boards

Appendix A: TotalAlert Embedded Control System

A.1 Board Configurations

The source control system is comprised of four (4) different printed circuit boards (PCBs) with interconnecting wiring (RS485 or Ethernet) for internal communications between the boards. See Figure A.2.

1. PCB1: Display Board for 5.7" Touch Screen Display
2. PCB2: Display Board for 3.5" Touch Screen Display
3. PCB3: Master Source Controller Board
4. PCB4: Pump Controller Board

In a standard medical vacuum duplex system, the PCB configuration consists of the following quantities and types of boards:

- PCB1 – (1) One for the Main 5.7" display
- PCB2 – (2) One for each of the Unit 3.5" displays
- PCB3 – (1) Master Controller
- PCB4 – (2) One for each pump

In a standard medical vacuum quadruplex system, the PCB configuration consists of the following quantities and types of boards:

- PCB1 – (1) One for the Main 5.7" display
- PCB2 – (4) One for each of the Unit 3.5" displays
- PCB3 – (1) Master Controller
- PCB4 – (4) One for each pump

A.2 PCB1 (5.7" Display Controller)

A.2.1 Basic Software Architecture

The primary purpose of PCB1 is to drive the LCD display for the 5.7" Master screen. Its other functions include the following:

1. Communicate to the Master Controller Board (PCB3) via a RS-485 bus to relay commands from the touch screen interface and display messages from the master controller.
2. Interface to the 5.7" Display touch screen to interpret the user interaction.
3. Drive the 24VDC local alarm horn when signaled by the master controller via the RS485 bus.
4. Read the input from the motion detector at the front panel and relay the status to the master controller so it can distribute the information to the other pump controllers and then to their corresponding 3.5" display boards (PCB2).
5. Accept new firmware via the Ethernet jack when connected to a PC configured with genuine **BEACONMEDÆS** software for reprogramming.

Appendix A: TotalAlert Embedded Control System

A.2.2 5.7" User Interface for Source Systems

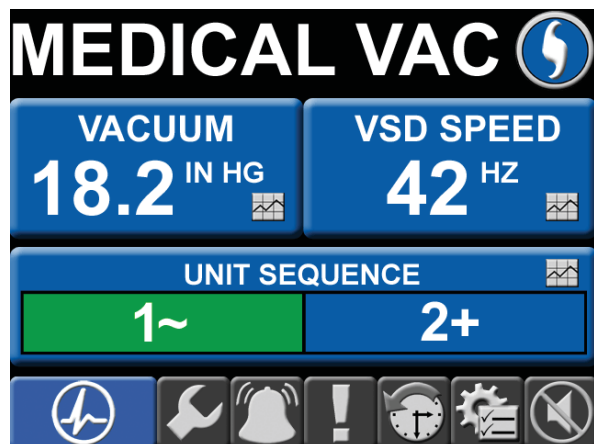


Figure A.3 Main Screen (VSD shown)

The primary master screen user interface is displayed on a 5.7" 640 x 480 pixel display as shown in Figure A.3. The interface is designed such that any information can be accessed with a minimal amount of touches by the user.

The 5.7" screen is divided into two main areas – the top portion above the toolbar which changes depending on the icon selected on the toolbar and bottom portion which contains the toolbar (Figure A.4) and is available on most screens.



Figure A.4 5.7" Screen Toolbar

From left to right, the toolbar icons represent the following:

-  Main Screen (default)
-  Service
-  Alarms (no Shutdown)

-  Shutdown
-  Event History Log
-  System Configuration Settings
-  Horn Silence

A.2.3 5.7" Boot/Communication Screen

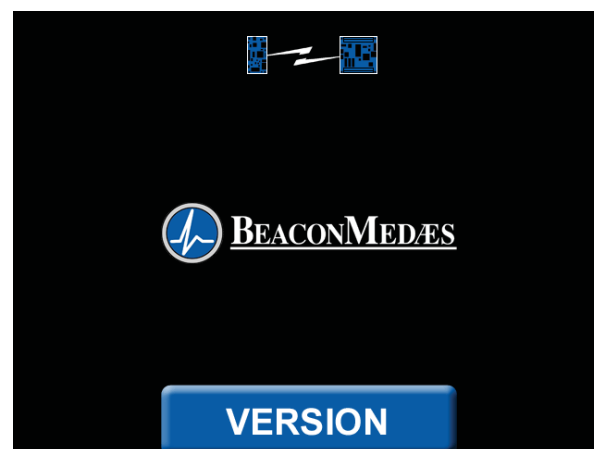


Figure A.5 Boot/Communication Screen

The boot/communication screen (Figure A.5) shows at boot time and will change to the default main screen once communication and compatibility are confirmed:

- If a RS485 link failure is detected the link icon at the top of the screen will appear and the bottom version button will appear to allow the user to check display board (PCB1) version information.
- If the connecting board is incompatible with the display board (for example, board not properly connected), only the bottom version button will appear with a red button background.

Appendix A: TotalAlert Embedded Control System

A.2.4 5.7" Main Screen

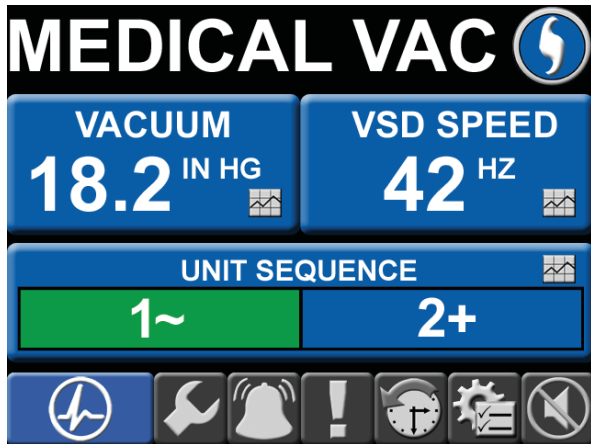


Figure A.6 Main Screen (VSD shown)

The main (default) screen (Figure A.6) shows the pertinent system measurements as well as unit sequence information.

The pertinent system measurements include: Vacuum Level and VSD Level (for VSD systems). Pressing pertinent system data buttons shows Trend information for that value.

Unit Sequence information shows all system units.

- If the unit is running, that color bar shows green and the adjoining symbol shows “*” for across the line (full speed) or “~” for variable speed drive.
- If a unit is available and not running, that color bar shows blue and the adjoining symbol shows “+” if that unit is next to start.
- If a unit is stopped, that color bar shows red and the adjoining symbol shows “!” if stopped for a shutdown.
- If the unit is unavailable and not running, that color bar shows dark grey and the adjoining symbol shows “X”.
- If a unit is unavailable because it is in Manual mode and it is running, that color bar shows green and the adjoining symbol shows “X”.

- If the unit is unavailable because the unit is an expandable unit, that color bar shows dark grey and the adjoining symbol shows “E”.
- If the unit is unavailable because the unit cannot be reached via ethernet, that color bar shows dark grey and the adjoining symbol shows “?”.

A.2.5 5.7" Trend Screen

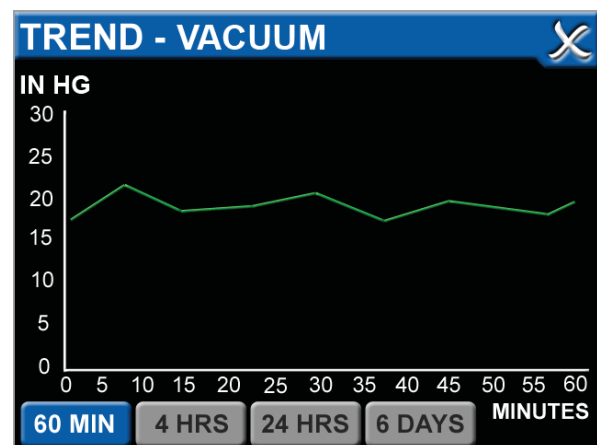


Figure A.7 Trend Screen

The trend screen (Figure A.7) shows the measured value over a specific time period:

- The default time period when opening the window is the last 60 minutes. For a given period, the maximum amount of data stored will only be for the most recent time period and the older data will be removed from view and memory.
- Another time period is selected by pressing the buttons at the bottom of the window. These periods are 60 minutes (240 data points – 0.25 min resolution), 4 hours (240 data points – 1 min resolution), 24 hours (240 data points – 6 min resolution) and 6 days (240 data points – 0.6 hour resolution).

Appendix A: TotalAlert Embedded Control System

A.2.6 5.7" Service Screen

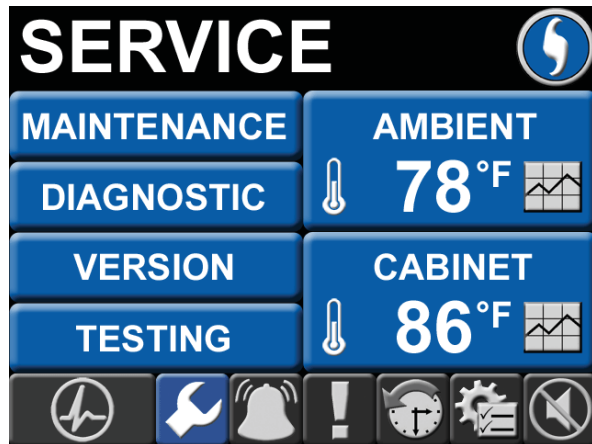
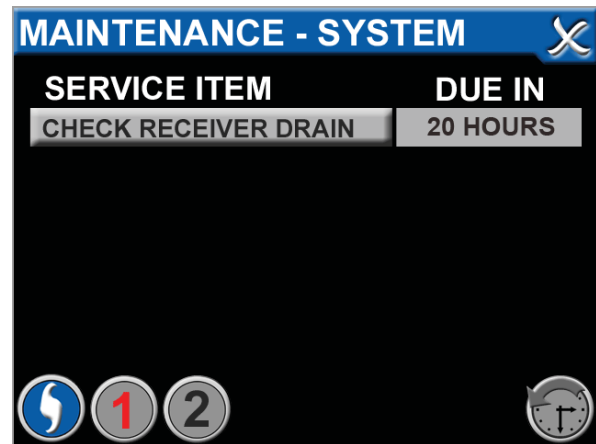


Figure A.8 Service Screen (VSD shown)

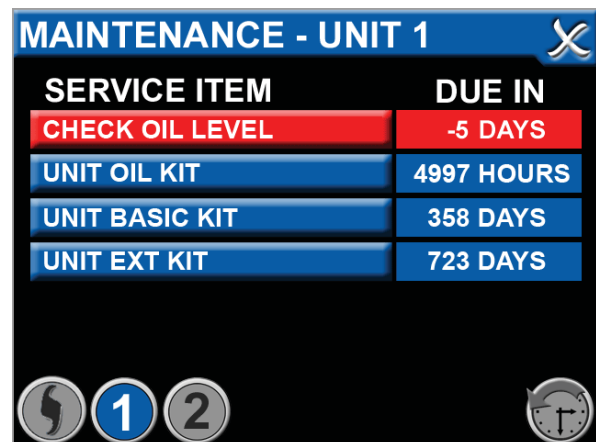
The service screen (Figure A.8) allows the selection of various sub screens along with the current ambient temperature at the system:

- Maintenance – Additional multiple screens depicting suggested and required maintenance items with resettable timers. When maintenance is due, both the maintenance button and the service icon on the tool bar turn red instead of blue.
- Diagnostic - Depicts the I/O status of the connecting unit controller board. For example, the digital inputs (X1-X7 as 0 or 1), the analog readings (T1-T2, I1-I4, P1-P2 and V1-V2 with A/D values), the 24VDC powered digital outputs (Z1-Z2 as 0 or 1) and the dry contacts (Y1-Y12 as 0 or 1).
- Version – Displays the RS485 communication version, firmware versions for the 5.7 display board and the connecting controller board.
- Testing – Allows for test mode of all alarm events. See Section A.5 for more information.
- Temperatures – Display the current ambient temperature and the current cabinet temperature (VSD systems). When the button is pressed, the trend information is available for these temperatures.

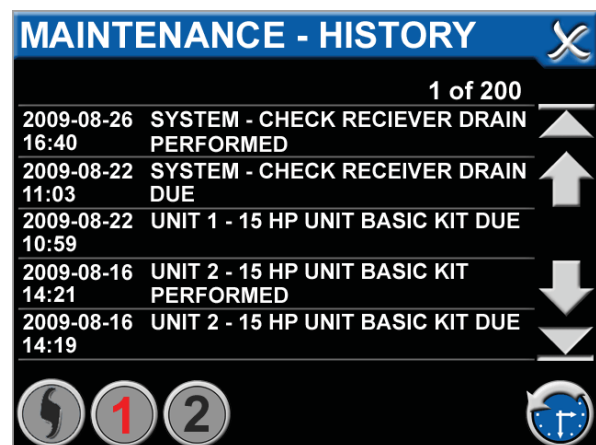
A.2.7 5.7" Maintenance Screen



System Maintenance Screen



Unit Maintenance Screen



Maintenance History Screen

Figure A.9 Maintenance Screens

Appendix A: TotalAlert Embedded Control System

The maintenance screens (Figure A.9) are accessed via the service screen:

- Additional multiple screens depicting suggested and required maintenance items with resettable timers. If an item is past due the button color changes from blue to red if the item is a required maintenance versus a suggested maintenance.
- The first (default) screen shows as the System maintenance. Items that are suggested are shown as a grey button and indicators are not visible or flagged for these items. When the user resets the timer, the action is logged in the service history.
- Other screens (Unit and History) are accessed by pressing the bottom round icons. Note that only unit icons are shown if the unit is physically installed and not an expansion unit.
- Green alarm condition indicates a normal status for that condition.
- Red alarm condition indicates an abnormal status for that condition.
- The horn silence button at the bottom right will show Red if the horn is on and not reset yet. Once the horn is silenced, the button will return back to the gray condition.

A.2.8 5.7" Alarms Screen

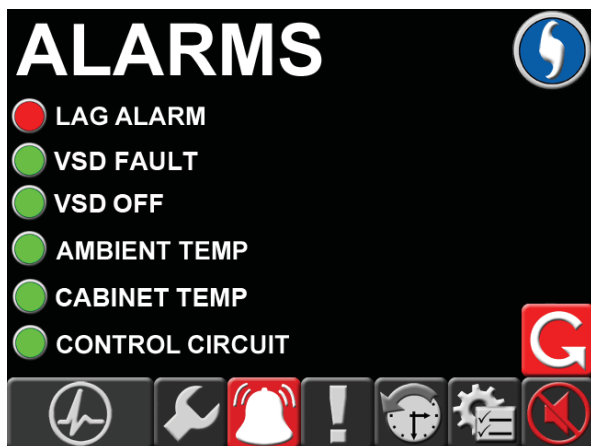


Figure A.10 Alarms Screen (VSD shown)

The alarms screen (Figure A.10) shows all of the system alarm information. An alarm is classified as an event of significance that does not shut the system down. These alarms are latched and are not cleared until a user presses the reset button on the alarms screen. This reset button will reset all alarms for that given system.

A.2.9 5.7" Shutdown Screen



Figure A.11 Shutdown Screen

The shutdown screen (Figure A.11) shows the unit shutdown event information. A shutdown is classified as an event of significance that shuts the unit down. Shutdown events are latched and are not cleared until the condition is corrected and a user presses the reset button on the unit shutdown screen. See Section A.3.9 for details. Unit "X" shutdown events are latched at the individual unit screen and reset at that screen.

- Green shutdown condition indicates a normal status for that condition.
- Red alarm shutdown indicates an abnormal status for that condition.

Appendix A: TotalAlert Embedded Control System

A.2.10 5.7" History Screen

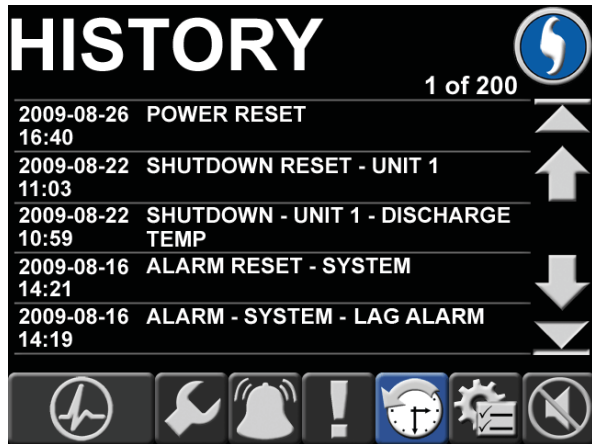


Figure A.12 History Screen

The history screen (Figure A.12) shows all of the system event history excluding service maintenance history.

- Most recent events are shown on the first (default) page and are shown in descending date/time order. Located at the top right are the page number and the total number of pages. The maximum number of pages is 200 (1000 events divided by 5 events per page).
- Page up and Page down arrows change the view 5 events up or down at a time and are only visible if subsequent event information is available. The Home button changes the view to the top or most recent events and the End button changes to the bottom or the oldest events.
- A maximum of 1000 most recent events are stored for the system.

A.2.11 5.7" Settings Screen

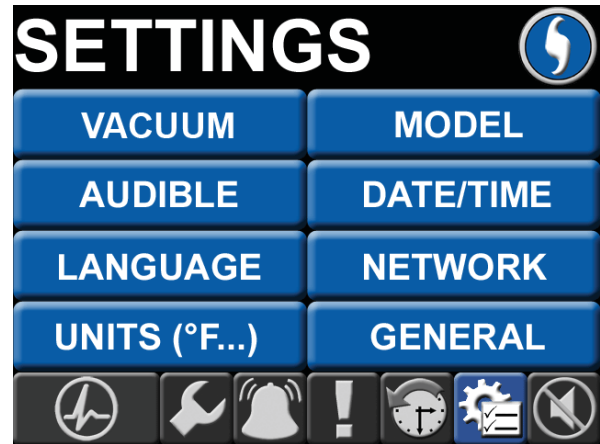


Figure A.13 Settings Screen

The settings screen (Figure A.13) allows the selection of various sub screens that pertain to system configuration data. All value/adjustment changes are password protected.

- Vacuum – Allows the adjustment of system vacuum operating range.
- Audible – Allows the horn to re-initiate if an alarm or shutdown event has not cleared, but the horn was silenced. The allowable values for re-initiate time are never, 15 min, 30 min, 1 hour, 8 hours, and 24 hours.
- Language – Allows the choice of pre-defined display language.
- Units – Allows the display units to be displayed and changed.
- Model – Displays the pertinent system model information.
- Date/Time – Allows the date/time to be displayed and changed.
- Network – Allows the network (IP address, etc) to be displayed and changed.
- General – Allows the miscellaneous general information to be displayed and changed.

Appendix A: TotalAlert Embedded Control System

A.3 PCB2 (3.5" Display Controller)

A.3.1 Basic Software Architecture

The primary purpose of PCB2 is to drive the LCD display for the 3.5" Unit screen. Its other functions include the following.

1. Communicate to the Pump Controller Board (PCB4) via a RS-485 bus to relay commands from the touch screen interface and display messages from the pump controller.
2. Interface to the 3.5" Display touch screen to interpret the user interaction.
3. Accept new firmware via the Ethernet jack when connected to a PC configured with genuine BeaconMedaes software for reprogramming.

A.3.2 3.5" User Interface for Source Systems



Figure A.14 Unit Screen

The primary unit screen user interface (Figure A.14) is displayed on a 3.5" 240 x 320 pixel display. The interface is designed such that any information can be accessed with a minimal amount of touches by the user.

The 3.5" screen is divided into two main areas – the top portion above the toolbar which changes depending on the icon selected on the toolbar and bottom portion which contains the toolbar (Figure A.15) and is visible on most screens.



Figure A.15 3.5" Screen Toolbar

From left to right, the toolbar icons represent the following:



Main Screen (default)



Status/Information (Hourmeter)



Service



Alarms (no Shutdown)



Shutdown

A.3.3 3.5" Boot/Communication Screen

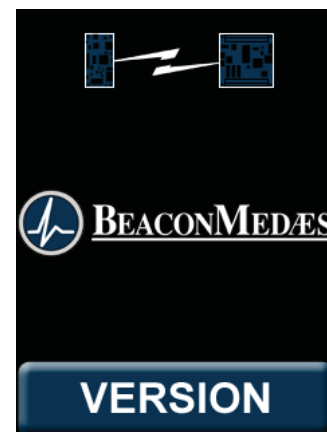


Figure A.16 Boot/Communication Screen

The boot/communication screen (Figure A.16) shows at boot time and changes to the default main screen once communication and compatibility are confirmed:

- If a RS485 link failure is detected the link icon at the top of the screen appears and the version button appears to allow the user to check display board (PCB2) version information.

Appendix A: TotalAlert Embedded Control System

- If the connecting board is incompatible with the display board (for example, the boards are not properly connected), only the bottom version button appears with a red button background.

position to the Manual position. See Figure A.18. Moving to this position forces the pump to operate against the backup vacuum switch, starting and stopping according to the switch settings.

A.3.4 3.5" Main Screen



Figure A.17 3.5" Main Screen

The main (default) screen (Figure A.17) shows the operation mode of the unit along with its automatic versus manual mode setting:

- Automatic (Blue = Standby, Grey = Unselected, Green = Unit Running)
- Off (Red = Selected, Grey = Unselected)
- Manual (Blue = Standby – Backup Vacuum Switch is not closed, Grey = Unselected, Green = Unit Running)

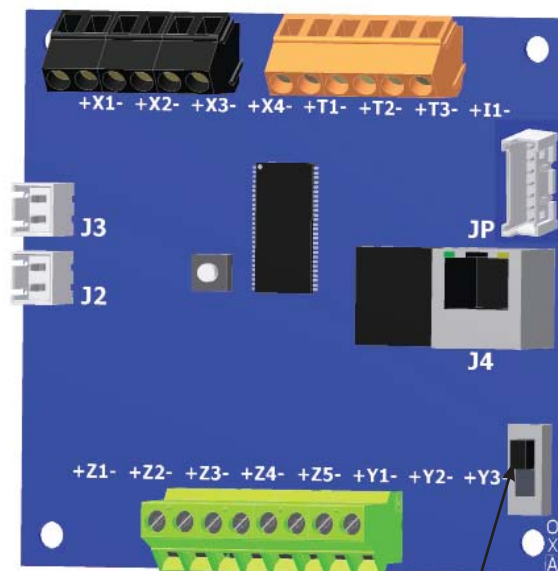
A.3.5 3.5" Main Screen: Manual Override

During the system startup, the manual override, located on the printed circuit board (PCB4), switch is utilized to ensure the pump is in the Off position. The manual override switch on PCB4 is a safety measure as well, for emergency situations to ensure the pump unit produces medical vacuum.

In the event of an emergency and the control system is not operating effectively, the manual override switch can be moved from the Automatic



3.5" Unit screen with Manual Override selected



Manual Override Switch

O - On Manual
X - Off
A - Automatic

PCB4 with Manual Override switch On

Figure A.18 Manual Override

Appendix A: TotalAlert Embedded Control System

If the switch is in Manual or Off position on PCB4, the touchscreen controls no longer control the vacuum pump. Moving the switch back to the Automatic position puts the unit under the control of the TotalAlert Embedded control system.

CAUTION: The “Manual Override” mode of operation should only be used for emergencies such as a loss of unit display board or loss of display touchscreen and should not be used for normal operation.

A.3.6 3.5” Status Screen

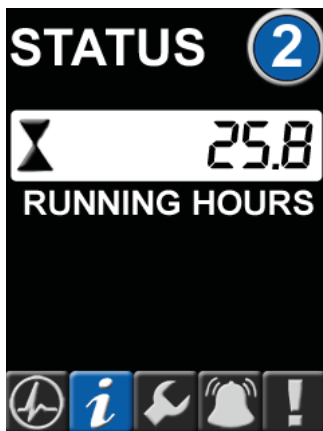


Figure A.19 3.5” Status Screen

The status screen (Figure A.19) shows the running hour meter values.

A.3.7 3.5” Service Screen



Figure A.20 3.5” Service Screen

The service screen (Figure A.20) allows access to the unit “jog” feature, diagnostic screen and version screen:

- **Rotation** – Allows the unit to run for a short period to check rotation. When pressed, the unit will either begin the “jog” sequence or show a screen instructing you to place the unit in “OFF” mode first (the unit must be in “OFF” mode before it can check rotation). When “jog” mode is started, the unit will first delay for 5 seconds to allow the user to get in position to check the rotation, then run the unit for a brief period. For VSD systems, rotation must also be checked in “Automatic” mode. See Section 3.0 for details.
- **Diagnostic** – Depicts the I/O status of the connecting unit controller board. For example, the digital inputs (X1-X4 as 0 or 1), the analog readings (T1-T3 and I1 with A/D values), the 24VDC powered digital outputs (Z1-Z5 as 0 or 1) and the dry contacts (Y1-Y3 as 0 or 1).
- **Version** – Displays the RS485 communication version, the firmware versions for the 3.5 display board and the connecting controller board.
- **Testing** – Allows for test mode of all shutdown events. See Section A.5 for more information.

A.3.8 3.5” Alarms Screen

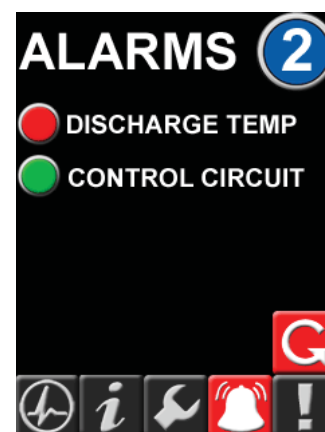


Figure A.21 3.5” Alarms Screen

Appendix A: TotalAlert Embedded Control System

The alarms screen (Figure A.21) shows all of the unit alarm information. An alarm is classified as an event of significance that does not shut the unit down. These alarms are latched and are not cleared until a user presses the reset button on the alarms screen. This reset button will reset all alarms for that given unit.

- Green alarm condition indicates a normal status for that condition.
- Red alarm condition indicates an abnormal status for that condition.

A.3.9 3.5" Shutdown Screen

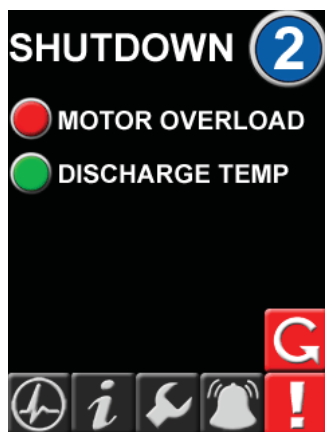


Figure A.22 3.5" Shutdown Screen (DOL shown)

The shutdown screen (Figure A.22) shows all of the unit shutdown event information. A shutdown is classified as an event of significance that shuts the unit down. These shutdown events are latched and are not cleared until a user presses the reset button on the shutdown screen. This reset button will reset all shutdown events for that given unit.

NOTE: The unit will need to be placed back in Automatic for the pump to resume normal operation.

- Green shutdown condition indicates a normal status for that condition.
- Red alarm shutdown indicates an abnormal status for that condition.

A.4 Password Access

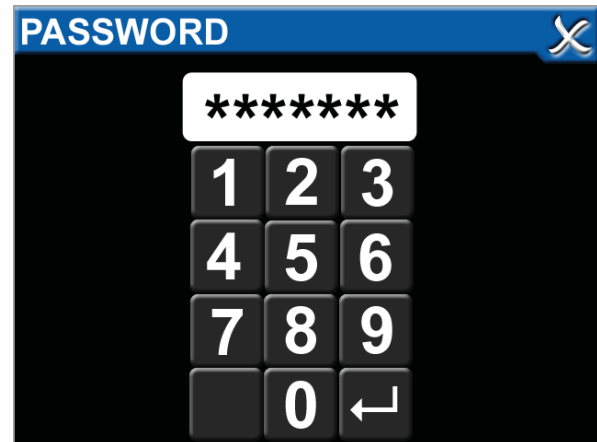


Figure A.23 Password Screen

The TotalAlert Embedded control system contains items that can be changed or adjusted. Before making any changes on the system or unit screens, a password prompt appears. A proper password must be entered before adjusting the control system. See Figure A.23.

The password for the Claw Medical Vacuum System is "121212". After entering the password, the password remains valid for approximately ten minutes or until the unit resets itself to the default display screens. Reentering the password after "timing out" allows the user to continue making system adjustments.

A.4.1 Main Screen Password Items

On the 5.7" main screen, several screens allow adjustments with the proper password.

- Maintenance - Resetting a Service Activity: A service notification activates when a service item is past due. Upon completion of the past due service activity, reset the service due counter by pressing the item on the service screen, selecting reset, and entering the password when prompted.

Appendix A: TotalAlert Embedded Control System

- Maintenance - Testing the System Alarms: The Testing button allows the operator to create an Alarm or Shutdown condition to test the complete alarm network. See section A.5 for additional information.
- Settings - Pressure: Adjust system “Max” and “Min” operating pressure settings within a factory-set range of pressures.
- Settings - Horn: An option is available to reinitiate the horn during an alarm/shutdown event. The operator can elect to have the horn reinitiate after a set period of time after the silencing of the horn.
- Settings - Language: The operator can select from the language options available on the system.
- Settings - Display Units: The operator can select preferences for the display of pressure, dew point, and other temperatures.
- Settings - Date and Time: Ensure the correct date and time for the system, as this impacts history log reporting.
- Settings - Network Configuration: Configure how the system operates remotely within the existing facility network.
- Settings - General Options: Select method for displaying alarms/shutdowns. Operator can change the timer setting for sleep mode on the screens.

A.4.2 Unit Screen Password Items

In the Service section of the Unit screens, the operator can create alarm or shutdown conditions to test the complete alarm network. See section A.5 for additional information.

A.5 Testing Alarms

In the Service section of the Main screen and Unit screens, the operator is able to test each alarm and shutdown event. When an alarm/shutdown event is selected to test, the actual alarm/shutdown is latched. At this point, the system responds as if an actual alarm/shutdown has occurred.

CAUTION: If testing a shutdown event, the pump being tested will shut down. Notify the appropriate hospital personnel **BEFORE** testing any alarms.

For an alarm/shutdown event, the following will occur (in addition to the pump shutting down for a shutdown event):

- The horn will initiate.
- All appropriate control screens will show the alarm/shutdown condition.
- An alarm/shutdown signal will be sent to the Master alarms.
- The operator must respond and reset the alarm/shutdown signal by pressing the “reset” button on the appropriate main screen or unit screen.
- A History item will be created that shows the “Test” alarm/shutdown event and a subsequent event for the correction of the “Test” item.

A.6 Maintenance

A.6.1 Maintenance Screens

The TotalAlert Embedded touchscreen displays all of the necessary information to plan service activities and order the correct service kits to perform the maintenance.

To view the service schedule, press the Service icon on the 5.7” main screen (Figure A.9), then select Maintenance from the list of headings.

Appendix A: TotalAlert Embedded Control System

When the Claw icon located in the bottom left is blue, this indicates that the service items and service due times pertain to the general medical vacuum system (Figure A.9). By selecting the numbers next to the Claw icon in the bottom left, the service activities for the individual units (pumps) are displayed.

To see details on an individual service activity, press that service on the touchscreen and details of the activity appear, with a description of the service kit required to perform the service.

A.6.2 Maintenance Alerts

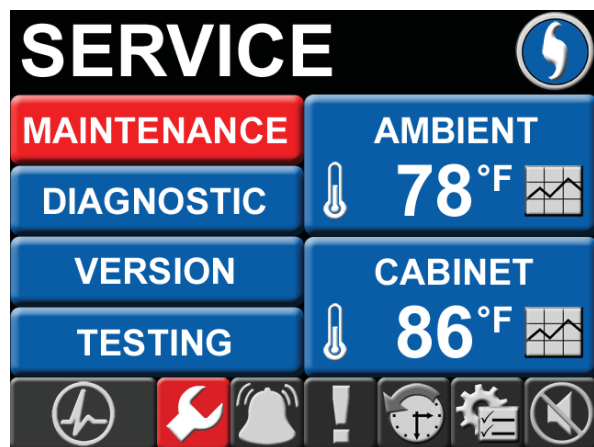


Figure A.24 Maintenance Alert (VSD shown)

When a maintenance activity is due, a notification appears on the main 5.7" screen (Figure A.24). The Service icon appears in Red. There is not an audible horn activated to alert to the service activity, just the colored icon.

To view the alert, press the Service icon on the toolbar, then select the Maintenance choice from the menu. This is highlighted in Red.

Within the Maintenance screen, if one of the Service Items on the list appears in red, the overdue Service Activity is a System maintenance item. If one of the Unit numbers in the bottom right corner appears in red, the overdue service activity is related to the particular unit. Press the Unit number to move to the service screen for that unit to find the overdue activity.

By selecting the activity that is overdue (in red), the detail screen appears for that service item and provides the necessary information for the service activity: part number, description.

A history is available for all maintenance due alerts and maintenance performed by pressing the "History" icon (clock) located in the lower right hand corner of the Maintenance screen. See Figure A.9.

A.6.3 Resetting a Service Activity



Figure A.25 Resetting a Service Activity

After a service activity is performed, to reset the schedule, do the following:

- Select the service activity on the touchscreen (Figure A.25).
- Press the Reset button.
- Enter the password (as explained in Section A.4).

Appendix A: TotalAlert Embedded Control System

A.7 Remote Monitoring

CAUTION: The information systems personnel should be notified before changing any of the network settings. Changing the settings could keep the equipment from working properly.

A.7.1 Set Up: Equipment Required

- PC with an Ethernet connection
- PC with a web browser, such as Microsoft Internet Explorer
- Cat5 or better Ethernet cable

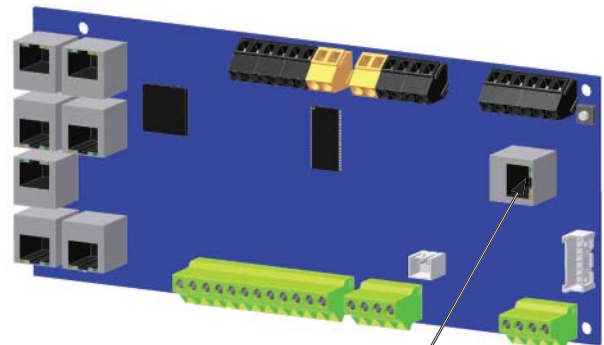
A.7.2 Set Up: Physical Connection

WARNING:

ONLY CONNECT THE CUSTOMER NETWORK TO THE CUSTOMER ETHERNET CONNECTION AS SHOWN IN FIGURE A.26.

DO NOT UNPLUG EXISTING ETHERNET CABLES USED FOR THE INTERNAL CONNECTIONS. DO NOT ATTEMPT TO REMOVE ETHERNET SECURITY PROTECTORS TO USE FOR CUSTOMER ETHERNET CONNECTION.

IF THE CUSTOMER ETHERNET IS PLACED IN AN INTERNAL ETHERNET CONNECTION, THE INTERNAL ETHERNET FUNCTIONALITY WILL NOT PERFORM AS DESIGNED.

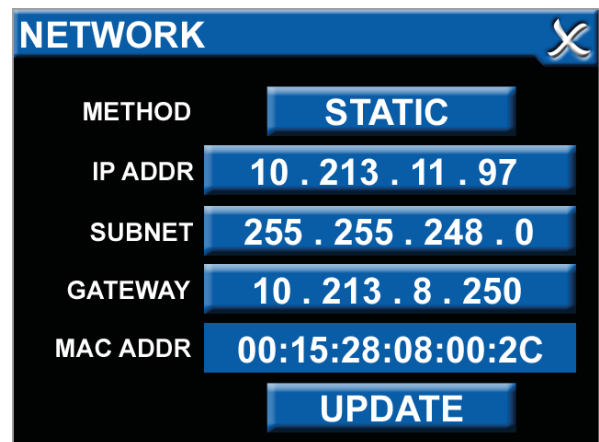


Customer Ethernet Connection
on PCB3 Master

Figure A.26 Connecting the cable

1. Using a Cat5 Ethernet cable, connect the medical vacuum system to an Ethernet switch or hub. Connect the cable to the Customer Ethernet Connection (Figure A.26) on PCB3 Master board.
2. Verify the green LINK LED on the printed circuit board illuminates.

A.7.3 Set Up: Network Configuration



NETWORK	
METHOD	STATIC
IP ADDR	10 . 213 . 11 . 97
SUBNET	255 . 255 . 248 . 0
GATEWAY	10 . 213 . 8 . 250
MAC ADDR	00:15:28:08:00:2C
UPDATE	

(Network screen is found in Settings section from Main toolbar)

Figure A.27 System IP Address

Appendix A: TotalAlert Embedded Control System

1. **IP Address using DHCP method:** Upon power-up of the system, the device will search for a DHCP server. If a DHCP server is found, IP Address, subnet mask and gateway are automatically obtained. If not found, the device will check for a DHCP server every 30 seconds. When found, the IP Address, subnet mask and gateway are automatically obtained.
2. **IP Address using Static method:** Upon power-up of the system, the device will immediately begin using the fixed IP configuration.

A.7.4 Set Up: Connecting to the Embedded Website of the Vacuum System

1. Start a web browser such as Microsoft Internet Explorer.
2. Enter the system's IP address in the browser's address bar.

Example: `http://10.213.11.97`

Note: To learn the IP address of the vacuum system, go to the 5.7" main touchscreen, press the Settings icon, press Network from the listing and the IP address will appear in the second line underneath the method. See Figure A.27.

Appendix A: TotalAlert Embedded Control System

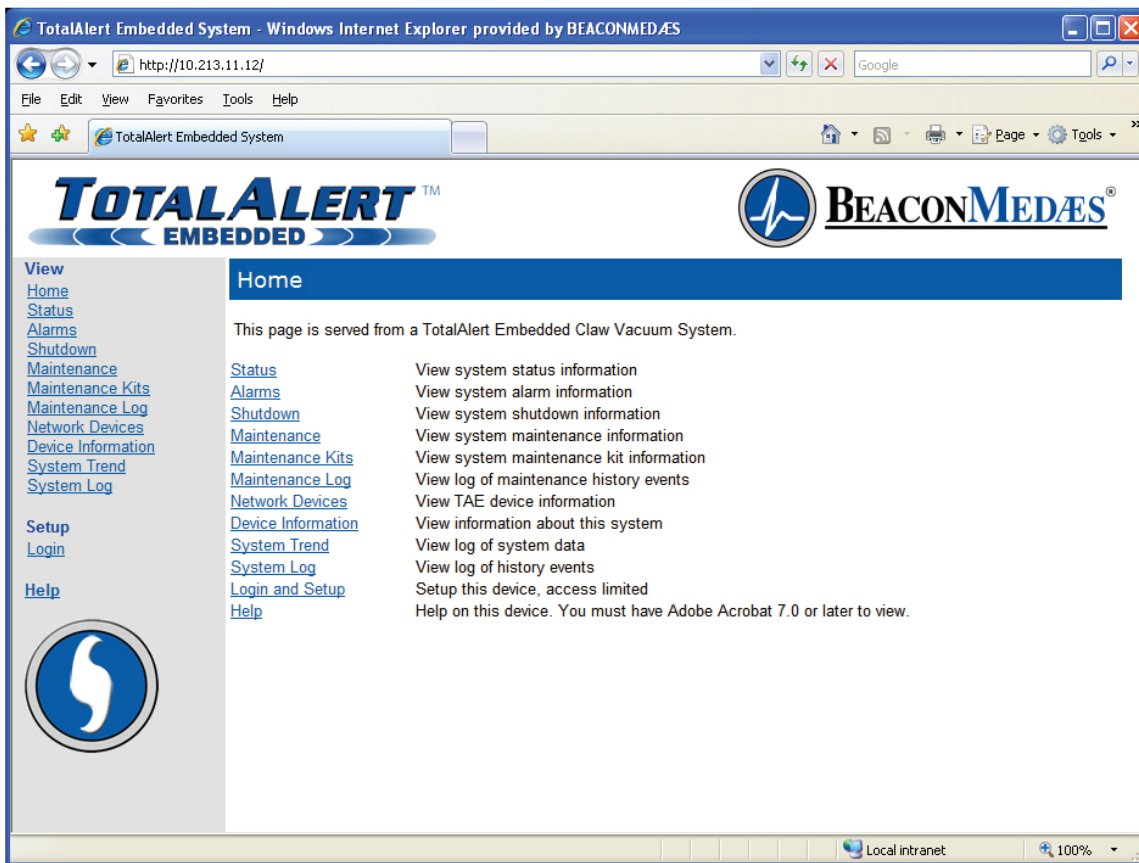


Figure A.28 Typical Medical Vacuum System home page

A.7.5 Login to Setup Pages

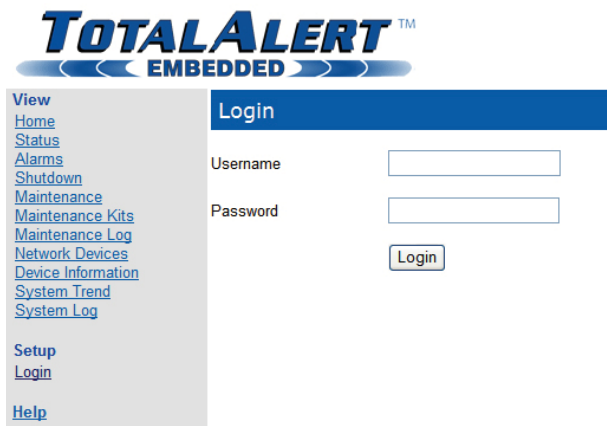


Figure A.29 Login for Setup Pages

1. Once connected to the TotalAlert Embedded control system, your browser will display the typical home page (Figure A.28).
2. Click "Login" on the menu bar in the left pane. The web browser will request a username and password (Figure A.29).
3. The factory defaults are:

Username: new
 Password: new
4. The left sidebar will now contain the setup links (Figure A.30).

Appendix A: TotalAlert Embedded Control System

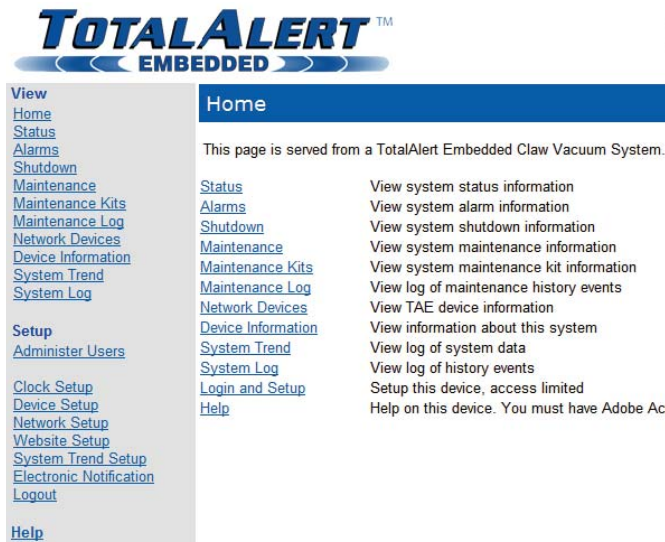


Figure A.30 Setup Menu

A.7.6 Device Setup

This Device Setup page (Figure A.31) is used to configure the medical vacuum system name, location, facility name, and contact information.

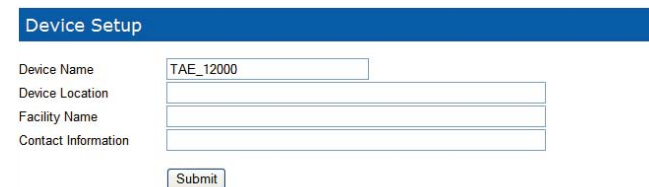


Figure A.31 Device Setup

1. Click Device Setup to access the Device Setup page.
2. Enter the new device name.
3. Enter the location
4. Enter the facility description.
5. Enter the contact information.
6. Click the Submit button.

A.7.7 Network Setup

This Network Setup page (Figure A.32) is used to configure the facility network information and e-mail server configuration.

NOTE: Obtain the IP Address and DNS Name from the facility's Information Systems department.

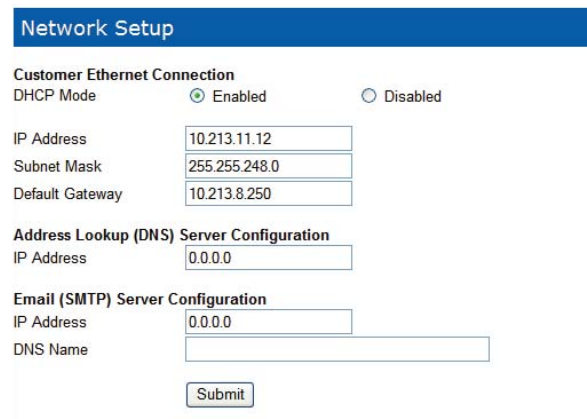


Figure A.32 Network Setup

1. Click Network Setup to access the Network Setup page.
2. Select Enable or Disable for the DHCP Mode.
3. Enter the IP Address for the DNS server configuration.
4. Enter the IP Address and DNS name for the e-mail SMTP server configuration.
5. Click the Submit button.

A.7.8 Website Setup

This Website Setup page (Figure A.33) is used to configure the automatic refresh interval for the website. By selecting an auto-refresh interval, the web page will be refreshed automatically, keeping all information current during a viewing period.

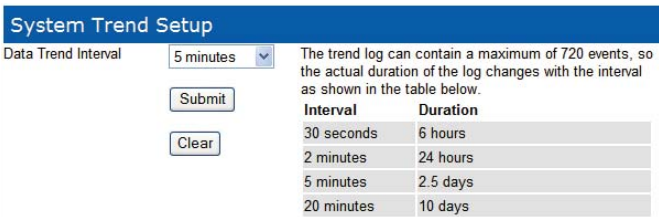
Appendix A: TotalAlert Embedded Control System



Figure A.33 Website Setup

1. Click Website Setup to access the Website Setup page.
2. Select a time interval from the pull-down list of options.
3. Click the Submit button.

A.7.9 System Trend Setup



Interval	Duration
30 seconds	6 hours
2 minutes	24 hours
5 minutes	2.5 days
20 minutes	10 days

Figure A.34 System Trend Setup

This System Trend Setup page (Figure A.34) is used to configure the trend log for the website and to allow the data to be cleared. The System Trend screen contains a maximum of 720 events for each of the items recorded, so the actual duration of the trend log changes with the time interval selected. The durations available to select are 6 hours, 24 hours, 2.5 days, and 10 days.

1. Click System Trend Setup to access the System Trend Setup page.
2. Select a time interval from the pull-down list of options.
3. Click the Submit button.

A.7.10 Electronic Notification Setup

This Electronic Notification Setup page (Figure A.35) is used to configure the Electronic Notification

feature of the TotalAlert Embedded control system. By setting up the Electronic Notification, key personnel can receive notifications of all alarm/shutdown alerts and/or all maintenance alerts (e-mail, pager, phone text message). The device acts as an SMTP client. An SMTP server is required for electronic notification to function.

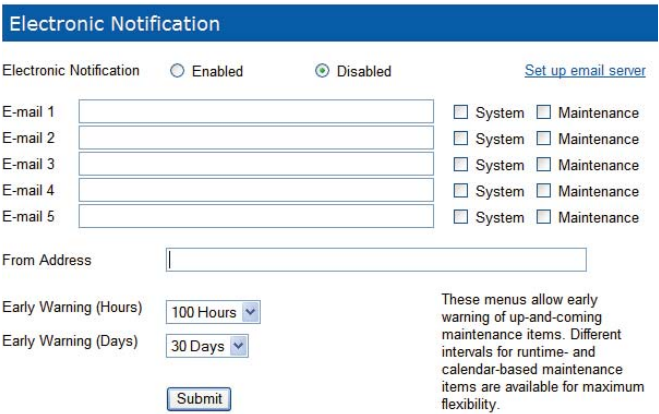


Figure A.35 Electronic Notification Setup

1. Click Electronic Notification Setup to access the Electronic Notification Setup page.
2. Select Enable to enable the e-mail notification tool.
3. Enter up to five email addresses.
4. For each address, select “System” for that person to receive all alarm/shutdown alerts. Select “Maintenance” for that person to receive all maintenance alerts. An individual may receive both types of alerts.
5. Enter an email address in the “From” box as this will be the sender of the notifications.
6. If desired, early warning notifications can be set up for maintenance items. By selecting these time intervals, a notification will be sent before the maintenance item is due, providing time for planning the service activity.
7. Click the Submit button.

Appendix A: TotalAlert Embedded Control System

A.7.11 Navigating the Website

The TotalAlert Embedded website allows the user to easily view the status of all activity pertaining to the medical vacuum system. By clicking the menu items to the left of the screen, a user can view pages displaying accurate and timely information about the system. These pages include:

Status							
Data at 2010-09-10 11:10:42 Refresh Now (Auto refresh disabled)							
System							
Hours	Vacuum	VSD Speed	Ambient	Cabinet	Alarms	Shutdown	Service
183.0 hrs	19.0 inHg	32 Hz	21 degC	21 degC	OK	OK	Not Due
Units							
Number	Hours	Operation Mode	Run Mode	Seq	Alarms	Shutdown	Service
1	44.3 hrs	Automatic	Stopped	Next	OK	OK	Not Due
2	48.4 hrs	Automatic	Running VSD	Run	OK	OK	Not Due

Figure A.36 Status Page (VSD shown)

Status: The Status page (Figure A.36) displays current information for both the overall system (run hours, vacuum level, ambient temperature, alarms, shutdown, and service) and the units (run hours, operation mode, run mode, sequence, alarms, shutdown, and service).

Alarms

Data at 2010-08-12 15:22:17 [Refresh Now](#) (Auto refresh disabled)

System	
Alarm	Status
Lag Alarm	OK
Ambient Temp.	OK
Cabinet Temp.	OK
Control Circuit	OK

Units		
Alarm	Unit 1	Unit 2
Discharge Temp.	OK	OK
Control Circuit	OK	OK

Figure A.37 Alarms Page

Alarms: The Alarms page (Figure A.37) displays the current status of all system alarms and alarm status for each unit.

Shutdown

Data at 2010-08-12 15:22:44 [Refresh Now](#) (Auto refresh disabled)

System

Shutdown	Status
Unit 1	OK
Unit 2	OK

Units

Shutdown	Unit 1	Unit 2
Drive Fault	OK	OK
Discharge Temp.	OK	OK

Figure A.38 Shutdown Page

Shutdown: The Shutdown page (Figure A.38) displays the current status of all system shutdowns and shutdown status for each unit.

Maintenance		
Data at 2010-08-12 15:23:17 Refresh Now (Auto refresh disabled)		
System		
Service Item	Due In	Interval
Check Receiver Drain	22 Hours	24 Hours
Unit 1		
Service Item	Due In	Interval
Check Oil Level	4 Days	7 Days
Unit Oil Kit	4997 Hours	5000 Hours
Unit Basic Kit	355 Days	365 Days
Unit Extended Kit	720 Days	730 Days
Unit 2		
Service Item	Due In	Interval
Check Oil Level	4 Days	7 Days
Unit Oil Kit	4997 Hours	5000 Hours
Unit Basic Kit	355 Days	365 Days
Unit Extended Kit	720 Days	730 Days

Figure A.39 Maintenance Page

Maintenance: The Maintenance page (Figure A.39) displays a listing of all service items for both the system and each unit. The display includes the time frame for which the service activity is due and the time interval for each service activity.

Maintenance Kits		
System (1 per system)		
Service Item	Interval	Service Kit
Unit (1 per unit)		
Service Item	Interval	Service Kit
Unit Oil Kit	5000 Hours	4107 40XX XX - Claw Kit XXXXX
Unit Basic Kit	365 Days	4107 40XX XX - Claw Kit XXXXX
Unit Extended Kit	730 Days	4107 40XX XX - Claw Kit XXXXX

Figure A.40 Maintenance Kits Page

Appendix A: TotalAlert Embedded Control System

Maintenance Kits: The Maintenance Kits page (Figure A.40) displays all service kits required to perform the maintenance activities on the Maintenance page. Included on the page are the service item, the time interval for each time, and the part number and description of the service kit required to perform the maintenance function, specific to the medical vacuum system installed.

Maintenance Log	
Data at 2010-08-12 15:24:00 Refresh Now Click here to create a downloadable text file	
Page 1 of 2 (11 events total) ⏪ ⏩ ⏴ ⏵	
Date / Time	Event
2010/08/12 09:55:07	System - Check Receiver Drain - Maintenance Due (165.0 hrs)
2010/08/11 10:06:14	System - Check Receiver Drain - Maintenance Performed (141.1 hrs)
2010/08/10 17:55:20	System - Check Receiver Drain - Maintenance Due (125.0 hrs)
2010/08/09 18:00:43	Unit 2 - Check Oil Level - Maintenance Performed (11.2 hrs)
2010/08/09 18:00:33	Unit 1 - Check Oil Level - Maintenance Performed (12.2 hrs)
2010/08/09 18:00:18	System - Check Receiver Drain - Maintenance Performed (101.0 hrs)
2010/08/09 00:00:00	Unit 2 - Check Oil Level - Maintenance Due (11.1 hrs)
2010/08/09 00:00:00	Unit 1 - Check Oil Level - Maintenance Due (12.1 hrs)
2010/08/07 13:55:45	System - Check Receiver Drain - Maintenance Due (49.0 hrs)
2010/08/04 15:28:05	System - Check Receiver Drain - Maintenance Performed (25.1 hrs)

Figure A.41 Maintenance Log Page

Maintenance Log: The Maintenance Log page (Figure A.41) displays a listing of all maintenance activity for both the system and the units. The log displays the date/time of the event and a description of the event (maintenance due alert, maintenance performed, interval reset). The Maintenance Log page includes the option to create a downloadable text file of the log.

Network Devices				
Data at 2010-08-12 15:24:24 Refresh Now (Auto refresh disabled)				
Device Name	Browse	Device Type	Device S/N	Device Location
TAE_12000	http://10.213.11.12	This_TAE	12000	
TAE_12107	http://10.213.11.104	TAE_Scroll	12107	Ray Wilson's Office
TA2_00025	http://10.213.11.80	TA2_Combo	00025	BM Tech Support

Figure A.42 Network Devices

Network Devices: The Network Devices page (Figure A.42) displays all TotalAlert and TotalAlert Embedded devices on the facility's network. The page displays the device name, IP address, device type, device serial number, and device location. By clicking the IP address of a device, the user moves to the website of that device.

Device Information	
Data at 2010-08-12 15:24:58 Refresh Now	
System Information	
Item	Value
System Model Number	
System Serial Number	
System Warranty Level	Premium
Service Contact	
Device Name	TAE_12000
Device Type	TAE_CLAW
Device Serial Number	12000
Device Location	
Facility Name	
Facility Contact	
System Ship Date	2000/00/00
System Startup Date	2000/00/00
System Startup Person	
System Wiring Diagram PN	
MAC Address	00:15:28:00:2E:E0
IP Address	10.213.11.12

Figure A.43 Device Information

Device Information: The Device Information page (Figure A.43) displays information specific to the TotalAlert Embedded device. The information displayed includes an array of details pertaining to the system, including model number, serial number, contact information for service, and much more. The Device Information page includes specific information about the printed circuit boards found in the control cabinet (hardware and software descriptions).

Appendix A: TotalAlert Embedded Control System

System Trend				
Data at 2010-09-10 11:12:41 Refresh Now Click here to create a downloadable CSV file				
Date / Time	Tank Vacuum (inHg)	VSD Speed (Hz)	Ambient Temp. (Degrees C)	Cabinet Temp. (Degrees C)
2010/09/10 11:10:43	19.0	32	21	21
2010/09/10 11:05:43	18.5	43	21	21
2010/09/10 11:00:43	18.5	52	21	21
2010/09/10 10:55:43	25.2	0	21	21
2010/09/10 10:50:43	25.2	0	21	21
2010/09/10 10:45:43	25.2	0	21	21
2010/09/10 10:40:43	25.2	0	21	21
2010/09/10 10:35:43	25.2	0	21	21
2010/09/10 10:30:43	25.2	0	21	21
2010/09/10 10:25:43	25.2	0	21	21
2010/09/10 10:20:43	25.2	0	21	21
2010/09/10 10:15:43	25.2	0	21	21
2010/09/10 10:10:43	25.2	0	21	21
2010/09/10 10:05:43	25.2	0	21	21
2010/09/10 10:00:43	25.2	0	21	21
2010/09/10 09:55:43	25.2	0	21	21
2010/09/10 09:50:43	25.2	0	21	21

Figure A.44 System Trend

System Trend: The System Trend page (Figure A.44) displays multiple items on the system measured at specified time intervals. These items may include vacuum level, pump operation, and ambient temperature. The time intervals may be every 30 seconds, 2 minutes, 5 minutes, or 20 minutes (see section A.7.6 System Trend Setup). The System Trend page includes the option to create a downloadable spreadsheet file of the events. To clear the system trend data, go to the System Trend Setup page on the website (see Section A.7.6).

System Log	
Data at 2010-08-12 15:26:45 Refresh Now Click here to create a downloadable text file	
Page 2 of 11 (107 events total) ← →	
Date / Time	Event Message
2010/08/11 09:26:12	Alarm - System - Serial Communication Master (18# 76F)
2010/08/11 09:18:33	Alarm - System - Serial Communication Master (18# 76F)
2010/08/09 18:00:09	Alarm Reset - System (18# 76F)
2010/08/09 14:04:40	Network Configuration Successful (18# 76F)
2010/08/09 10:59:58	Alarm - System - Lag Alarm (9# 76F)
2010/08/06 17:25:15	Alarm Reset - Unit 2 (19# 76F)
2010/08/06 17:25:14	Alarm Reset - Unit 1 (19# 76F)
2010/08/06 17:20:01	Power Reset (19# 76F)
2010/08/06 10:05:49	Power Reset (18# 77F)
2010/08/06 10:02:11	Power Reset (19# 77F)

Figure A.45 System Log

System Log: The System Log page (Figure A.45) displays a listing of all alarm and shutdown activity for both the system and the units. The log displays the date/time of the event and a description of the event (alarm/shutdown, reset, test). The System Log page includes the option to create a downloadable text file of the log.

A.7.12 Available for Download

In three of the viewing pages on the website, the user can download information for analysis or record keeping. The Maintenance Log, System Trend, and System Log pages all contain a link for the user to click to create the downloadable file.

1. Click on one of the pages to display the information available for download (Maintenance Log, System Trend, or System Log).
2. Click on the link to create a downloadable file, located in the upper right above the displayed information.
3. Select to view the information on the web page or to save the file to the computer.

The Maintenance Log and the System Log create text files that list all of the events in descending order from most recent to oldest. See Figure A.46.

The System Trend creates a CSV file (spreadsheet) that contains all of the trend information, descending from most recent to oldest. See Figure A.47.

Appendix A: TotalAlert Embedded Control System

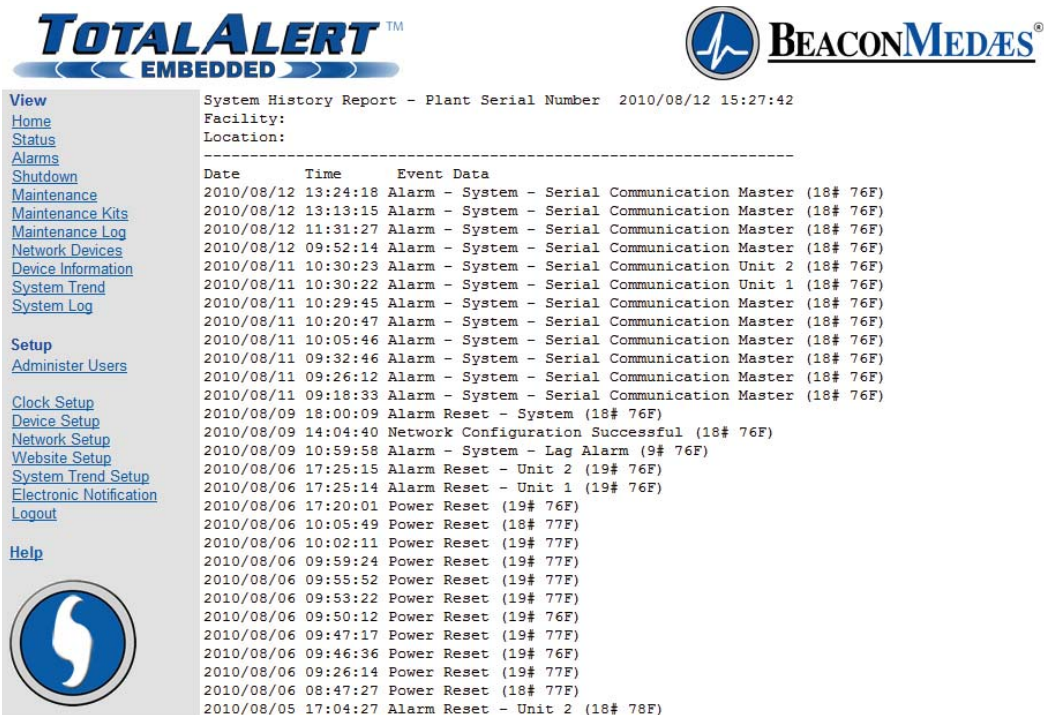


Figure A.46 System Log Download

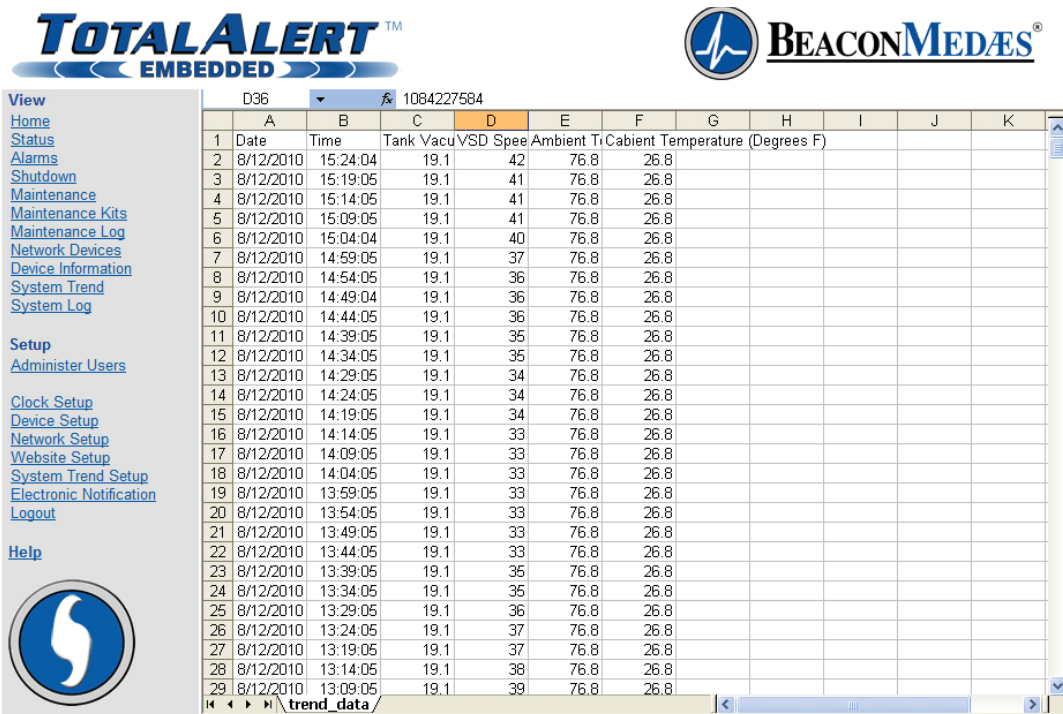


Figure A.47 System Trend Download (VSD shown)

Appendix B: Variable Speed Drive Inverter

B.1 VSD (Variable Speed Drive) Operation Panel

The VSD inverter has an operational panel to control and monitor the speed of the pump in VSD mode as well as adjusting parameters and alarm indications of the unit.

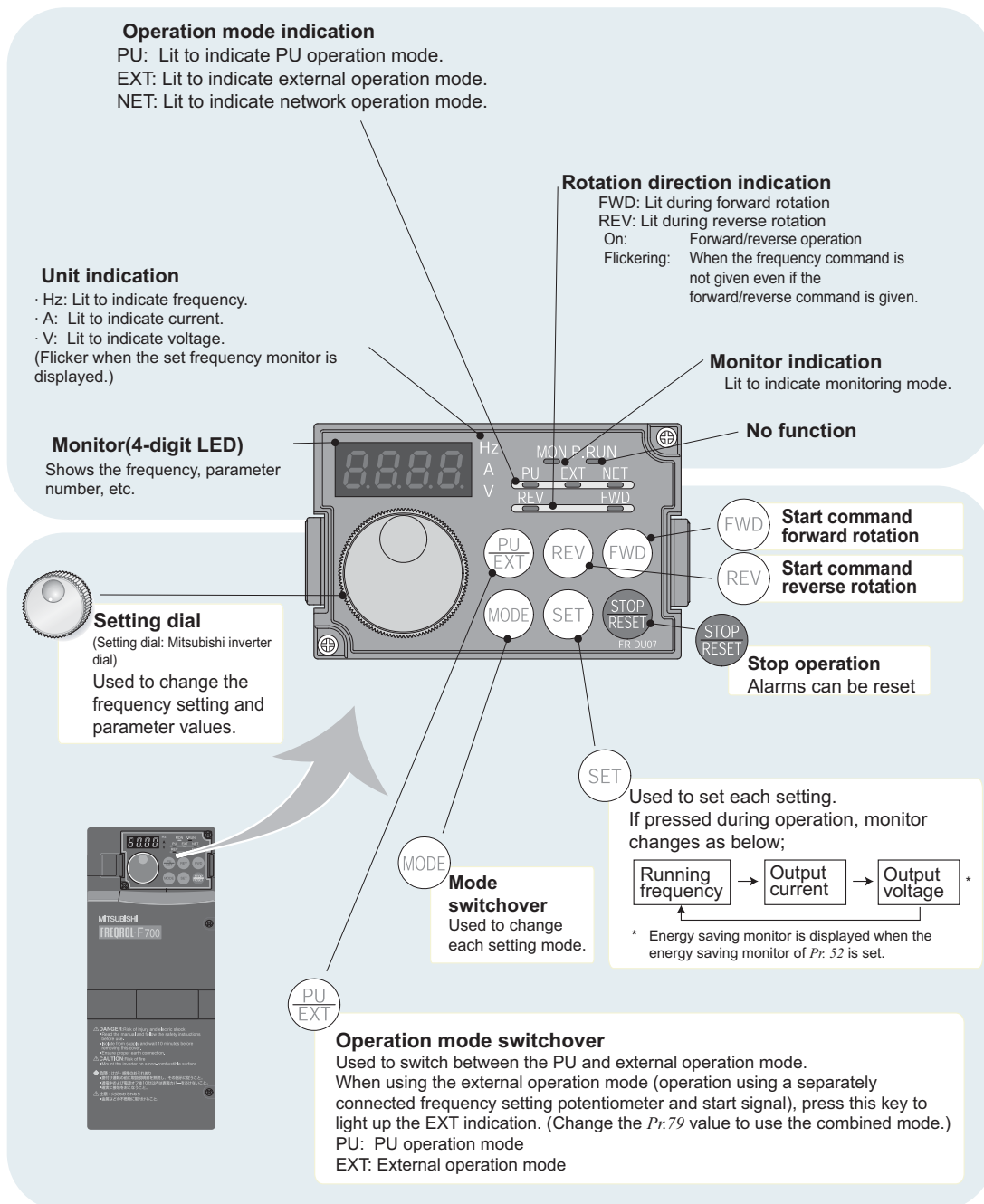


Figure B.1 Operational Panel

Appendix B: Variable Speed Drive Inverter

B.1.1 Monitoring of Output Current and Output Voltage

The monitor display of output frequency, output current and output voltage can be changed by pushing “SET” button during monitor mode. The default is set to display output frequency. To change the default, press “SET” button to display either A (amps) or V (voltage). Press and hold the “SET” button for 1 second to activate the selected display as the default.



B.2 Specifications

B.2.1 Display and Parameter Settings

All parameter settings can be displayed from the display monitor. For a complete list of parameters, description and settings, see Parameter List in Section B.2.2. Parameter settings are write protected to maintain factory settings.

Display Parameter Number & Setting

1. Press the “MODE” button to activate parameter setting mode.
2. Turn the setting dial to the parameter number to be displayed.
3. Press the “SET” button to display the value of the parameter.
4. Press the “MODE” button twice to return to the monitor display



Appendix B: Variable Speed Drive Inverter

B.2.2 Parameter List

Function	Parameters	Name	Setting Range	Minimum Setting Increments	Initial Value	Factory Setting
Basic Functions	0	Torque boost	0 to 30%	0.1%	6/4/3/2/ 1.5/1%	0% +
	1	Maximum frequency	0 to 120Hz	0.01Hz	120/60Hz	60Hz
	2	Minimum frequency	0 to 120Hz	0.01Hz	0Hz	25Hz
	3	Base frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	
	4	Multi-speed setting (high speed)	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	
	5	Multi-speed setting (middle speed)	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	30Hz	
	6	Multi-speed setting (low speed)	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	10Hz	
	7	Acceleration time	0 to 3600/ 360s	0.1/0.01s	5s/15s	10s +
	8	Deceleration time	0 to 3600/ 360s	0.1/0.01s	10s/30s	
	9	Electronic thermal O/L relay	0 to 500/0 to 3600A	0.01/0.1A	Rated inverter output current	**
DC injection brake	10	DC injection brake operation frequency	0 to 120Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	3Hz	
	11	DC injection brake operation time	0 to 10s, 8888	0.1s	0.5s	
	12	DC injection brake operation voltage	0 to 30%	0.1%	4/2/1%	
---	13	Starting frequency	0 to 60Hz	0.01Hz	0.5Hz	
---	14	Load pattern selection	0, 1	1	1	0 +
Jog operation	15	Jog frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	5Hz	
	16	Jog acceleration/deceleration time	0 to 3600/360s	0.1/0.01s	0.5s	
---	17	MRS input selection	0, 2	1	0	2 +
---	18	High speed maximum frequency	120 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	120/60Hz	60 +
---	19	Base frequency voltage	0 to 1000V, 8888, 9999	0.1V	9999	
Acceleration/ deceleration times	20	Acceleration/deceleration reference frequency	1 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	
	21	Acceleration/deceleration time increments	0, 1	1	0	

+ Indicates setting changed from initial value

** Set accordance to motor horsepower & voltage

Appendix B: Variable Speed Drive Inverter

B.2.2 Parameter List (continued)

Function	Parameters	Name	Setting Range	Minimum Setting Increments	Initial Value	Factory Setting
Stall prevention	22	Stall prevention operation level	0 to 120%, 9999	0.1%	110%	120 +
	23	Stall prevention operation level compensation factor at double speed	0 to 150%, 9999	0.1%	9999	
Multi-speed setting	24 to 27	Multi-speed setting (4 speed to 7 speed)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
----	28	Multi-speed input compensation selection	0, 1	1	0	
----	29	Acceleration/deceleration pattern selection	0, 1, 2, 3	1	0	
----	30	Regenerative function selection	0, 2/0, 1, 2	1	0	
Frequency jump	31	Frequency jump 1A	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
	32	Frequency jump 1B	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
	33	Frequency jump 2A	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
	34	Frequency jump 2B	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
	35	Frequency jump 3A	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
	36	Frequency jump 3B	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
----	37	Speed display	0, 1 to 9998	1	0	
Frequency detection	41	Up-to-frequency sensitivity	0 to 100%	0.1%	10%	
	42	Output frequency detection	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	6Hz	
	43	Output frequency detection for reverse rotation	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	

+ Indicates setting changed from initial value

Appendix B: Variable Speed Drive Inverter

B.2.2 Parameter List (continued)

Function	Parameters	Name	Setting Range	Minimum Setting Increments	Initial Value	Factory Setting
Second fluctuations	44	Second acceleration/deceleration time	0 to 3600/360s	0.1/0.01s	5s	
	45	Second deceleration time	0 to 3600/360s, 9999	0.1/0.01s	9999	
	46	Second torque boost	0 to 30%, 9999	0.1%	9999	
	47	Second V/F (base frequency)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
	48	Second stall prevention operation current	0 to 120%	0.1%	110%	
	49	Second stall prevention operation frequency	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	0Hz	
	50	Second output frequency detection	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	30Hz	
	51	Second electronic thermal O/L relay	0 to 500A, 9999/0 to 3600A, 9999	0.01/0.1A	9999	
Monitor functions	52	DU/PU main display data selection	0, 5, 6, 8 to 14, 17, 20, 23 to 25, 50 to 57, 100	1	0	
	54	CA terminal function selection	1 to 3, 5, 6, 8 to 14, 17, 21, 24, 50, 52, 53	1	1	
	55	Frequency monitoring reference	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	133.3
	56	Current monitoring reference	0 to 500A/0 to 3600A	0.01/0.1A	Rated inverter output current	
Automatic reset functions	57	Restart coasting time	0, 0.1 to 5s, 9999/ 0, 0.1 to 30s, 9999	0.1s	9999	
	58	Restart cushion time	0 to 60s	0.1s	1s	
----	59	Remote function selection	0, 1, 2, 3	1	0	
----	60	Energy saving control selection	0, 4, 9	1	0	
----	65	Retry selection	0 to 5	1	0	
----	66	Stall prevention operation reduction starting frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	
Retry	67	Number of retries at alarm occurrence	0 to 10, 101 to 110	1	0	
	68	Retry waiting time	0 to 10s	0.1s	1s	
	69	Retry count display erase	0	1	0	

Appendix B: Variable Speed Drive Inverter

B.2.2 Parameter List (continued)

Function	Parameters	Name	Setting Range	Minimum Setting Increments	Initial Value	Factory Setting
----	70	Special regenerative brake duty	0 to 10%	0.1%	0%	
----	71	Applied motor	0, 1, 2, 20	1	0	
----	72	PWM frequency selection	0 to 15/0 to 6, 25	1	2	
----	73	Analog input selection	0 to 7, 10 to 17	1	1	5 +
----	74	Input filter time constant	0 to 8	1	1	
----	75	Reset selection/disconnected PU detection/PU stop selection	0 to 3, 14 to 17, 100 to 103, 114 to 117	1	14	
----	76	Alarm code output selection	0, 1, 2	1	0	
----	77	Parameter write selection	0, 1, 2	1	0	1 +
----	78	Reverse rotation prevention selection	0, 1, 2	1	0	
----	79	Operation mode selection	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7	1	0	2 +
Simple magnetic flux vector control	80	Motor capacity(simple magnetic flux vector control)	0.4 to 55kW, 9999/ 0 to 3600kW, 9999	0.01/0.1kW	9999	
	90	Motor constant (R1)	0 to 50 , 9999/ 0 to 400m , 9999	0.001 / 0.01m	9999	
Adjustable 5 points VF	100	V/F1(first frequency)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
	101	V/F1(first frequency voltage)	0 to 1000V	0.1V	0V	
	102	V/F2(second frequency)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
	103	V/F2(second frequency voltage)	0 to 1000V	0.1V	0V	
	104	V/F3(third frequency)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
	105	V/F3(third frequency voltage)	0 to 1000V	0.1V	0V	
	106	V/F4(fourth frequency)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
	107	V/F4(fourth frequency voltage)	0 to 1000V	0.1V	0V	
	108	V/F5(fifth frequency)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
	109	V/F5(fifth frequency voltage)	0 to 1000V	0.1V	0V	

+ Indicates setting changed from initial value

Appendix B: Variable Speed Drive Inverter

B.2.2 Parameter List (continued)

Function	Parameters	Name	Setting Range	Minimum Setting Increments	Initial Value	Factory Setting
PU connector communication	117	PU communication station number	0 to 31	1	0	
	118	PU communication speed	48, 96, 192, 384	1	192	
	119	PU communication stop bit length	0, 1, 10, 11	1	1	
	120	PU communication parity check	0, 1, 2	1	2	
	121	Number of PU communication retries	0 to 10, 9999	1	1	
	122	PU communication check time interval	0, 0.1 to 999.8s, 9999	0.1s	9999	
	123	PU communication waiting time setting	0 to 150ms, 9999	1	9999	
	124	PU communication CR/LF presence/ absence selection	0, 1, 2	1	1	
---	125	Terminal 2 frequency setting gain frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	
---	126	Terminal 4 frequency setting gain frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	
PID operation	127	PID control automatic switchover frequency	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	25 +
	128	PID action selection	10, 11, 20, 21, 50, 51, 60, 61	1	10	20 +
	129	PID proportional band	0.1 to 1000%, 9999	0.1%	100%	300 +
	130	PID integral time	0.1 to 3600s, 9999	0.1s	1s	0.10 +
	131	PID upper limit	0 to 100%, 9999	0.1%	9999	
	132	PID lower limit	0 to 100%, 9999	0.1%	9999	
	133	PID action set point	0 to 100%, 9999	0.01%	9999	
	134	PID differential time	0.01 to 10.00s, 9999	0.01s	9999	
Commercial power supply-inverter switch-over	135	Electronic bypass sequence selection	0, 1	1	0	
	136	MC switchover interlock time	0 to 100s	0.1s	1s	
	137	Start waiting time	0 to 100s	0.1s	0.5s	
	138	Bypass selection at an alarm	0, 1	1	0	
	139	Automatic switchover frequency from inverter to bypass operation	0 to 60Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	

+ Indicates setting changed from initial value

Appendix B: Variable Speed Drive Inverter

B.2.2 Parameter List (continued)

Function	Parameters	Name	Setting Range	Minimum Setting Increments	Initial Value	Factory Setting
Backlash measures	140	Backlash acceleration stopping frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	1Hz	
	141	Backlash acceleration stopping time	0 to 360s	0.1s	0.5s	
	142	Backlash deceleration stopping frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	1Hz	
	143	Backlash deceleration stopping time	0 to 360s	0.1s	0.5s	
----	144	Speed setting switchover	0, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 102, 104, 106, 108, 110	1	4	
----	145	PU display language selection	0 to 7	1	1	
----	148	Stall prevention level at 0V input	0 to 120%	0.1%	110%	
----	149	Stall prevention level at 10V input	0 to 120%	0.1%	120%	
----	150	Output current detection level	0 to 120%	0.1%	110%	
----	151	Output current detection signal delay time	0 to 10s	0.1s	0s	
----	152	Zero current detection level	0 to 150%	0.1%	5%	
----	153	Zero current detection time	0 to 1s	0.01s	0.5s	
----	154	Voltage reduction selection during stall prevention operation	0, 1	1	1	
----	155	RT signal function validity condition selection	0, 10	1	0	
----	156	Stall prevention operation selection	0 to 31, 100, 101	1	0	
----	157	OL signal output timer	0 to 25s, 9999	0.1s	0s	
----	158	AM terminal function selection	1 to 3, 5, 6, 8 to 14, 17, 21, 24, 50, 52, 53	1	1	
----	159	Automatic switchover frequency range from bypass to inverter operation	0 to 10Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
----	160	User group read selection	0, 1, 9999	1	0	
----	161	Frequency setting/key lock operation selection	0, 1, 10, 11	1	0	

Appendix B: Variable Speed Drive Inverter

B.2.2 Parameter List (continued)

Function	Parameters	Name	Setting Range	Minimum Setting Increments	Initial Value	Factory Setting
Automatic restart functions	162	Automatic restart after instantaneous power failure selection	0, 1, 10, 11	1	0	
	163	First cushion time for restart	0 to 20s	0.1s	0s	
	164	First cushion voltage for restart	0 to 100%	0.1%	0%	
	165	Stall prevention operation level for restart	0 to 120%	0.1%	110%	
Current detection	166	Output current detection signal retention time	0 to 10s, 9999	0.1s	0.1s	
	167	Output current detection operation selection	0, 1	1	0	1
---	168	Parameter for manufacturer setting. Do not set.				
---	169					
Cumulative monitor clear	170	Watt-hour meter clear	0, 10, 9999	1	9999	
	171	Operation hour meter clear	0, 9999	1	9999	
User group	172	User group registered display/batch clear	9999, (0 to 16)	1	0	
	173	User group registration	0 to 999, 9999	1	9999	
	174	User group clear	0 to 999, 9999	1	9999	

Appendix B: Variable Speed Drive Inverter

B.2.2 Parameter List (continued)

Function	Parameters	Name	Setting Range	Minimum Setting Increments	Initial Value	Factory Setting
Input terminal function assignment	178	STF terminal function selection	0 to 8, 10 to 14, 16, 24, 25, 60, 62, 64 to 67, 9999	1	6	
	179	STR terminal function selection	0 to 8, 10 to 14, 16, 24, 25, 61, 62, 64 to 67, 9999	1	61	
	180	RL terminal function selection	0 to 8, 10 to 14, 16, 24, 25, 62, 64 to 67, 9999	1	0	
	181	RM terminal function selection		1	1	
	182	RH terminal function selection		1	2	
	183	RT terminal function selection		1	3	14 +
	184	AU terminal function selection	0 to 8, 10 to 14, 16, 24, 25, 62 to 67, 9999	1	4	
	185	JOG terminal function selection	0 to 8, 10 to 14, 16, 24, 25, 62, 64 to 67, 9999	1	5	
	186	CS terminal function selection		1	6	
	187	MRS terminal function selection		1	24	
	188	STOP terminal function selection		1	25	
	189	RES terminal function selection		1	62	
Output terminal function assignment	190	RUN terminal function selection	0 to 5, 7, 8, 10 to 19, 25, 26, 45 to 47, 64, 70 to 78, 90 to 96, 98, 99, 100 to 105, 107, 108, 110 to 116, 125, 126, 145 to 147, 164, 170, 190 to 196, 198, 199, 9999	1	0	
	191	SU terminal function selection		1	1	
	192	IPF terminal function selection		1	2	
	193	OL terminal function selection		1	3	
	194	FU terminal function selection		1	4	
	195	ABC1 terminal function selection	0 to 5, 7, 8, 10 to 19, 25, 26, 45 to 47, 64, 70 to 78, 90, 91, 94 to 96, 98, 99, 100 to 105, 107, 108, 110 to 116, 125, 126, 145 to 147, 164, 170, 190, 191, 194 to 196, 198, 199, 9999	1	99	
	196	ABC2 terminal function selection		1	9999	0 +
Multi-speed setting	232 to 239	Multi-speed setting (8 speed to 15 speed)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	

+ Indicates setting changed from initial value

Appendix B: Variable Speed Drive Inverter

B.2.2 Parameter List (continued)

Function	Parameters	Name	Setting Range	Minimum Setting Increments	Initial Value	Factory Setting
----	240	Soft-PWM operation selection	0, 1	1	1	
----	241	Analog input display unit switchover	0, 1	1	0	
----	242	Terminal 1 added compensation amount (terminal 2)	0 to 100%	0.1%	100%	
----	243	Terminal 1 added compensation amount (terminal 4)	0 to 100%	0.1%	75%	
----	244	Cooling fan operation selection	0, 1	1	1	
Slip compensation	245	Rated slip	0 to 50%, 9999	0.01%	9999	
	246	Slip compensation time constant	0.01 to 10s	0.01s	0.5s	
	247	Constant-power range slip compensation selection	0, 9999	1	9999	
----	250	Stop selection	0 to 100s, 1000 to 1100s, 8888, 9999	0.1s	9999	
----	251	Output phase failure protection selection	0, 1	1	1	
Frequency compensation function	252	Override bias	0 to 200%	0.1%	50%	
	253	Override gain	0 to 200%	0.1%	150%	
Life check	255	Life alarm status display	(0 to 15)	1	0	
	256	Inrush current limit circuit life display	(0 to 100%)	1%	100%	
	257	Control circuit capacitor life display	(0 to 100%)	1%	100%	
	258	Main circuit capacitor life display	(0 to 100%)	1%	100%	
	259	Main circuit capacitor life measuring	0, 1	1	0	
----	260	PWM frequency automatic switchover	0, 1	1	1	

Appendix B: Variable Speed Drive Inverter

B.2.2 Parameter List (continued)

Function	Parameters	Name	Setting Range	Minimum Setting Increments	Initial Value	Factory Setting
Power failure stop	261	Power failure stop selection	0, 1, 2	1	0	2 +
	262	Subtracted frequency at deceleration start	0 to 20Hz	0.01Hz	3Hz	
	263	Subtraction starting frequency	0 to 120Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	60Hz	
	264	Power-failure deceleration time 1	0 to 3600/ 360s	0.1/0.01s	5s	
	265	Power-failure deceleration time 2	0 to 3600/ 360s, 9999	0.1/0.01s	9999	
	266	Power failure deceleration time switchover frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	
----	267	Terminal 4 input selection	0, 1, 2	1	0	1 +
----	268	Monitor decimal digits selection	0, 1, 9999	1	9999	
----	269	Parameter for manufacturer setting. Do not set.				
---	299	Rotation direction detection selection at restarting	0, 1, 9999	1	9999	
Digital input	300	BCD input bias	Parameter for digital input option (FR-A7AX)			
	301	BCD input gain				
	302	BIN input bias				
	303	BIN input gain				
	304	Digital input and analog input compensation enable/disable selection				
	305	Read timing operation selection				
Analog output	306	Analog output signal selection	Extension analog output/digital output option Parameter for (FR-A7AY)			
	307	Setting for zero analog output				
	308	Setting for maximum analog output				
	309	Analog output signal voltage/current switchover				
	310	Analog meter voltage output selection				
	311	Setting for zero analog meter voltage output				
	312	Setting for maximum analog meter voltage output				

+ Indicates setting changed from initial value

Appendix B: Variable Speed Drive Inverter

B.2.2 Parameter List (continued)

Function	Parameters	Name	Setting Range	Minimum Setting Increments	Initial Value	Factory Setting
Digital output	313	DO0 output selection	Parameter for extension analog output/digital output option (FR-A7AY)			
	314	DO1 output selection				
	315	DO2 output selection				
	316	DO3 output selection				
	317	DO4 output selection				
	318	DO5 output selection				
	319	DO6 output selection				
Relay output	320	RA1 output selection	Parameter for relay output option (FR-A7AR)			
	321	RA2 output selection				
	322	RA3 output selection				
Analog output	323	AM0 0V adjustment	Parameter for extension analog output/digital output option (FR-A7AY)			
	324	AM1 0mA adjustment				
---	329	Digital input unit selection	Parameter for digital input option (FR-A7AY)			

Appendix B: Variable Speed Drive Inverter

B.2.2 Parameter List (continued)

Function	Parameters	Name	Setting Range	Minimum Setting Increments	Initial Value	Factory Setting
RS-485 communication	331	RS-485 communication station number	0 to 31(0 to 247)	1	0	
	332	RS-485 communication speed	3, 6, 12, 24, 48, 96, 192, 384	1	96	
	333	RS-485 communication stop bit length	0, 1, 10, 11	1	1	
	334	RS-485 communication parity check selection	0, 1, 2	1	2	
	335	RS-485 communication retry count	0 to 10, 9999	1	1	
	336	RS-485 communication check time interval	0 to 999.8s, 9999	0.1s	0s	
	337	RS-485 communication waiting time setting	0 to 150ms, 9999	1	9999	
	338	Communication operation command source	0, 1	1	0	
	339	Communication speed command source	0, 1, 2	1	0	
	340	Communication startup mode selection	0, 1, 2, 10, 12	1	0	
	341	RS-485 communication CR/LF selection	0, 1, 2	1	1	
	342	Communication EEPROM write selection	0, 1	1	0	
	343	Communication error count	----	1	0	
DeviceNet	345	DeviceNet address	Parameter for DeviceNet communication option (FR-A7ND)			
	346	DeviceNet baud rate				
CC-Link PROFIBUS-DP	349	Communication reset selection	Parameter for CC-Link and PROFIBUS-DP communication option (FR-A7NC, FR-A7NP)			

Appendix B: Variable Speed Drive Inverter

B.2.2 Parameter List (continued)

Function	Parameters	Name	Setting Range	Minimum Setting Increments	Initial Value	Factory Setting
LONWORKS	387	Initial communication delay time	Parameter for LONWORKS communication option (FR-A7NL)			
	388	Send time interval at hart beat				
	389	Minimum sending time at hart beat				
	390	% setting reference frequency				
	391	Receive time interval at hart beat				
	392	Event driven detection width				
Remote output	495	Remote output selection	0, 1	1	0	
	496	Remote output data 1	0 to 4095	1	0	
	497	Remote output data 2	0 to 4095	1	0	
Communication error	500	Communication error execution waiting time	Parameter for communication option			
	501	Communication error occurrence count display				
	502	Stop mode selection at communication error				
Maintenance	503	Maintenance timer	0 (1 to 9998)	1	0	
	504	Maintenance timer alarm output set time	0 to 9998, 9999	1	9999	
CC-Link	542	Communication station number (CC-Link)	Parameter for CC-Link communication option (FR-A7NC)			
	543	Baud rate (CC-Link)				
	544	CC-Link extended setting				
Communication	549	Protocol selection	0, 1	1	1	
	550	NET mode operation command source selection	0, 1, 9999	1	9999	
	551	PU mode operation command source selection	1, 2	1	2	
Current average monitor	555	Current average time	0.1 to 1.0s	0.1s	1s	
	556	Data output mask time	0.0 to 20.0s	0.1s	0s	
	557	Current average value monitor signal output reference current	0 to 500A/0 to 3600A	0.01/0.1A	Rated inverter current	

Appendix B: Variable Speed Drive Inverter

B.2.2 Parameter List (continued)

Function	Parameters	Name	Setting Range	Minimum Setting Increments	Initial Value	Factory Setting
----	563	Energization time carrying-over times	(0 to 65535)	1	0	
----	564	Operating time carrying-over times	(0 to 65535)	1	0	
Multiple rating	570	Multiple rating setting	0, 1	1	0	
----	571	Holding time at a start	0.0 to 10.0s, 9999	0.1s	9999	
----	573	4mA input check selection	1, 9999	1	9999	
PID control	575	Output interruption detection time	0 to 3600s, 9999	0.1s	1s	
	576	Output interruption detection level	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	0Hz	
	577	Output interruption cancel level	900 to 1100%	0.1%	1000%	
Pump function	578	Auxiliary motor operation selection	0 to 3	1	0	
	579	Motor connection function selection	0 to 3	1	0	
	580	MC switching interlock time	0 to 100s	0.1s	1s	
	581	Start waiting time	0 to 100s	0.1s	1s	
	582	Auxiliary motor connection-time deceleration time	0 to 3600s, 9999	0.1s	1s	
	583	Auxiliary motor disconnection-time acceleration time	0 to 3600s, 9999	0.1s	1s	
	584	Auxiliary motor 1 starting frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	
	585	Auxiliary motor 2 starting frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	
	586	Auxiliary motor 3 starting frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	
	587	Auxiliary motor 1 stopping frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	0Hz	
	588	Auxiliary motor 2 stopping frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	0Hz	
	589	Auxiliary motor 3 stopping frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	0Hz	
	590	Auxiliary motor start detection time	0 to 3600s	0.1s	5s	
	591	Auxiliary motor stop detection time	0 to 3600s	0.1s	5s	

Appendix B: Variable Speed Drive Inverter

B.2.2 Parameter List (continued)

Function	Parameters	Name	Setting Range	Minimum Setting Increments	Initial Value	Factory Setting
----	611	Acceleration time at a restart	0 to 3600s, 9999	0.1s	5/15s	
----	867	AM output filter	0 to 5s	0.01s	0.01s	
----	869	Current output filter	0 to 5s	0.01s	0.02s	
---	872	Input phase failure protection selection	0, 1	1	0	
Regeneration avoidance function	882	Regeneration avoidance operation selection	0, 1, 2	1	0	
	883	Regeneration avoidance operation level	300 to 800V	0.1V	DC380V/ 760V	
	884	Regeneration avoidance at deceleration detection sensitivity	0 to 5	1	0	
	885	Regeneration avoidance compensation frequency limit value	0 to 10Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	6Hz	
	886	Regeneration avoidance voltage gain	0 to 200%	0.1%	100%	
Free parameter	888	Free parameter 1	0 to 9999	1	9999	
	889	Free parameter 2	0 to 9999	1	9999	
Energy saving monitor	891	Cumulative power monitor digit shifted times	0 to 4, 9999	1	9999	
	892	Load factor	30 to 150%	0.1%	100%	
	893	Energy saving monitor reference (motor capacity)	0.1 to 55kW/ 0 to 3600kW	0.01/0.1kW	SLD/LD value of Applied moter Capacity	
	894	Control selection during commercial power-supply operation	0, 1, 2, 3	1	0	
	895	Power saving rate reference value	0, 1, 9999	1	9999	
	896	Power unit cost	0 to 500, 9999	0.01	9999	
	897	Power saving monitor average time	0, 1 to 1000h, 9999	1	9999	
	898	Power saving cumulative monitor clear	0, 1, 10, 9999	1	9999	
	899	Operation time rate (estimated value)	0 to 100%, 9999	0.1%	9999	

Appendix B: Variable Speed Drive Inverter

B.2.2 Parameter List (continued)

Function	Parameters	Name	Setting Range	Minimum Setting Increments	Initial Value	Factory Setting
Calibration parameters	C0 (900)	CA terminal calibration	----	----	----	
	C1 (901)	AM terminal calibration	----	----	----	
	C2 (902)	Terminal 2 frequency setting bias frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	0Hz	
	C3 (902)	Terminal 2 frequency setting bias	0 to 300%	0.1%	0%	
	125 (903)	Terminal 2 frequency setting gain frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	
	C4 (903)	Terminal 2 frequency setting gain	0 to 300%	0.1%	100%	
	C5 (904)	Terminal 4 frequency setting bias frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	0Hz	
	C6 (904)	Terminal 4 frequency setting bias	0 to 300%	0.1%	20%	0 +
	126 (905)	Terminal 4 frequency setting gain frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	
	C7 (905)	Terminal 4 frequency setting gain	0 to 300%	0.1%	100%	
Analog output current calibration	C8 (930)	Current output bias signal	0 to 100%	0.1%	0%	
	C9 (930)	Current output bias current	0 to 100%	0.1%	0%	
	C10 (931)	Current output gain signal	0 to 100%	0.1%	100%	
	C11 (931)	Current output gain current	0 to 100%	0.1%	100%	
---	989	Parameter copy alarm release	10, 100	1	10/100	
PU	990	PU buzzer control	0, 1	1	1	
	991	PU contrast adjustment	0 to 63	1	58	
Clear parameter	Pr.CL	Parameter clear	0, 1	1	0	
	ALLC	All parameter clear	0, 1	1	0	
	Er.CL	Alarm history clear	0, 1	1	0	
	PCPY	Parameter copy	0, 1, 2, 3	1	0	

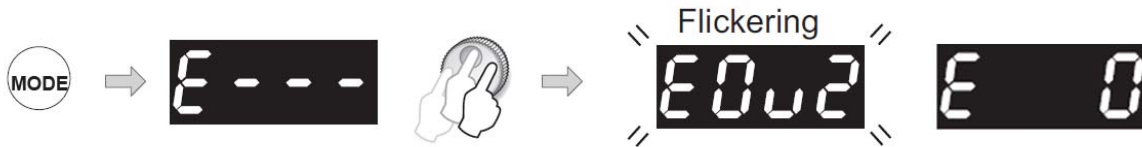
+ Indicates setting changed from initial value

Appendix B: Variable Speed Drive Inverter

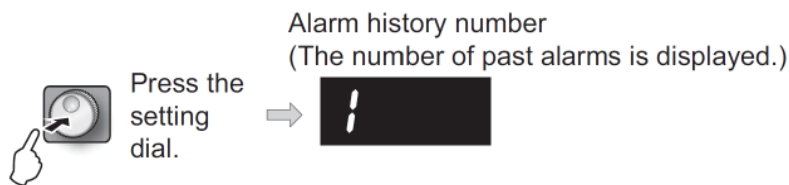
B.3 Alarms

B.3.1 Check Alarm History

A list of the past 8 alarms can be displayed from the display monitor (for a complete list of alarm indications, see Alarm Indications Section B.3.4).



1. Press the “MODE” button twice to display the alarm history mode.
2. Turn the setting dial to list all error indications. When no alarm history exists “E0” is displayed (refer to Table B.3.4 for list of alarm displays).
3. Press the setting dial to display the alarm history number (past 8 alarms).



4. Press the “MODE” button once to return to the monitor display.

B.3.2 Check Alarm Output Conditions

The output frequency, output current, output voltage and energization time (total elapsed time until alarm occurred) can be checked on each alarm indication.

NOTE: Not all alarms will display the conditions listed above.

1. Complete steps 1& 2 in Section B.3.1.
2. After selecting the error indication, press the “SET” button to display the output frequency. See Figure B.2.
3. Press “SET” button to display the output current.
4. Press “SET” button display the output voltage.
5. Press “SET” button to display the energization time.
6. Press “SET” button to return to the alarm display.
7. Press the “MODE” button once to return to the monitor display.

Appendix B: Variable Speed Drive Inverter

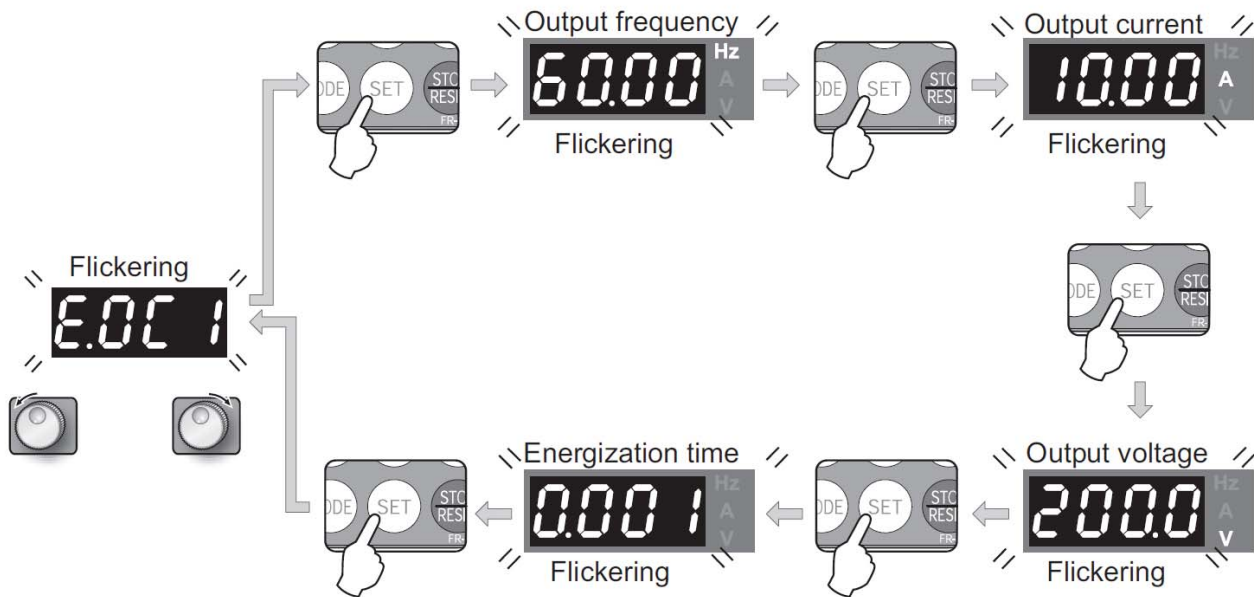
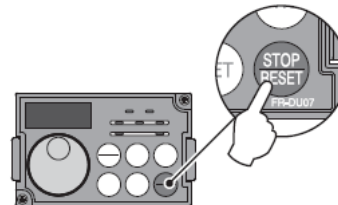


Figure B.2 Alarm Output Conditions

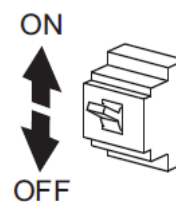
B.3.3 Maintenance

The inverter can be reset by performing any of the following operations. Note that the internal thermal integrated value of the electronic thermal relay function and the number of retries are cleared (erased) by resetting the inverter. It takes about 1 second for reset.

Operation 1: Using the operation panel, press “STOP/RESET” to reset the inverter. (Enabled only when the inverter protective function is activated) (major fault)



Operation 2: Switch power off once, then switch it on again.



Appendix B: Variable Speed Drive Inverter

B.3.4 Trouble Shooting (Alarm Indications)

When an alarm occurs in the inverter, the protective function is activated bringing the inverter to an alarm stop and the monitor display automatically changes to any of the following alarm indications (see Table B.3.4).

When the protective function is activated, take the corresponding corrective action (refer to factory), then reset the inverter and resume operation. (See Reset VSD Section B.3.3)

Operation Panel Indication		Name
Error message	E---	E---
	HOLD	HOLD
	Er1 to Er4	Er1 to 4
	rE1 to rE4	rE1 to 4
	Err.	Err.
Warnings	OL	OL
	oL	oL
	rb	RB
	TH	TH
	PS	PS
	MT	MT
	CP	CP
Minor fault	Fn	FN
Major fault	E.OC1	E.OC1
	E.OC2	E.OC2
	E.OC3	E.OC3
	E.OV1	E.OV1
	E.OV2	E.OV2
	E.OV3	E.OV3
	E.THT	E.THT
	E.THM	E.THM
	E.FIN	E.FIN
	E.IPF	E.IPF
	E.BE	E.BE
	E.UVT	E.UVT
	E.ILF*	E.ILF*
	E.OLT	E.OLT

Operation Panel Indication		Name
E. GF	E.GF	Output side ground fault overcurrent
E. LF	E.LF	Output phase failure
E.OHT	E.OHT	External thermal relay operation *2
E.PTC	E.PTC*	PTC thermistor operation
E.OPF	E.OPT	Option alarm
E.OP1	E.OP1	Communication option alarm
E. 1	E. 1	Option alarm
E. PE	E.PE	Parameter storage device alarm
E.PUE	E.PUE	PU disconnection
E.RET	E.RET	Retry count excess
E.PE2	E.PE2*	Parameter storage device alarm
E. 6 / E. 7 / E.CPU	E. 6 / E. 7 / E.CPU	CPU error
E.CTE	E.CTE	Operation panel power supply short circuit, RS-485 terminal power supply short circuit
E.P24	E.P24	24VDC power output short circuit
E.CDO	E.CDO*	Output current detection value exceeded
E.IOH	E.IOH*	Inrush current limit circuit alarm
E.SER	E.SER*	Communication error (inverter)
E.AIE	E.AIE*	Analog input error
E. 13	E.13	Internal circuit error

* If an error occurs when using the FR-PU04/FR-PU07, "Fault 14" is displayed on the FR-PU04/FR-PU07.

Table B.3.4 List of Alarm Displays

Appendix B: Variable Speed Drive Inverter

B.3.5 Trouble Shooting Checklist

NOTE: If the cause is still unknown after every check, contact **BEACONMEDÆS Tech Support** at 888-4-MEDGAS.

Motor does not rotate as commanded

- 1) Check the value of torque boost setting (Pr. 0).
- 2) Check the main circuit.
 - Check that a proper power supply voltage is applied (operation panel display is provided).
 - Check that the motor is connected properly.
 - Check that the jumper across P/+P1 is connected.
- 3) Check the input signals.
 - Check that the start signal is input.
 - Check that both the forward and reverse rotation start signals are not input simultaneously.
 - Check that the frequency setting signal is not zero. (When the frequency command is 0Hz and the start command is entered, FWD or REV LED on the operation panel flickers.)
 - Check that the output stop signal (MRS) or reset signal (RES) is not on.
 - Check that the CS signal is not OFF with automatic restart after instantaneous power failure function is selected (Pr. 57 ≠ "9999").
 - Check that the sink or source jumper connector is fitted securely.
- 4) Check the parameter settings.
 - Check that the reverse rotation prevention selection (Pr. 78) is not selected.
 - Check that the Operation mode selection (Pr. 79) setting is correct.
 - Check that the bias and gain (calibration parameter C2 to C7) settings are correct.
 - Check that the starting frequency setting (Pr. 13) is not greater than the running frequency.
 - Check that frequency settings of each running frequency (such as multi-speed operation) are not zero.
 - Check that especially the maximum frequency setting (Pr. 1) is not zero.
 - Check that the jog frequency setting (Pr. 15) is not lower than the starting frequency setting (Pr. 13) value.
- 5) Inspection of load.
 - Check that the load is not too heavy.
 - Check that the shaft is not locked.

Appendix B: Variable Speed Drive Inverter

B.3.5 Trouble Shooting Checklist (continued)

Motor generates abnormal noise

- 1) No carrier frequency noises (metallic noises) are generated.
 - Soft-PWM control to change the motor tone into an unoffending complex tone is factory-set to valid by the PWM frequency selection (Pr.72). Adjust PWM frequency selection (Pr.72) to change the motor tone. (When operating the inverter with the carrier frequency of 3kHz or more set in Pr. 72, the carrier frequency will automatically decrease if the output current of the inverter exceeds the value in parenthesis of the rated output current. This may cause the motor noise to increase. But it is not a fault.)
- 2) Check for any mechanical looseness.
- 3) Contact the motor manufacturer.

Motor generates heat abnormally

- 1) Is the fan for the motor is running? (Check for accumulated dust.)
- 2) Check that the load is not too heavy. Lighten the load.
- 3) Check that the inverter output voltages (U, V, W) balanced.
- 4) Check that the torque boost setting (Pr.0) is correct.

Motor rotates in opposite direction

- 1) Check that the phase sequence of output terminals U, V and W is correct.
- 2) Check that the start signals (forward rotation, reverse rotation) are connected properly.

Speed greatly differs from the setting

- 1) Check that the frequency setting signal is correct. (Measure the input signal level.)
- 2) Check that the Pr. 1, Pr. 2, Calibration parameter C2 to C7 settings are correct.
- 3) Check that the input signal lines are not affected by external noise. (Use shielded cables)
- 4) Check that the load is not too heavy.
- 5) Check that the Pr. 31 to Pr. 36 (frequency jump) settings are correct.

Acceleration/deceleration is not smooth

- 1) Check that the acceleration and deceleration time settings are not too short.
- 2) Check that the load is not too heavy.

Appendix B: Variable Speed Drive Inverter

B.3.5 Trouble Shooting Checklist (continued)

Motor current is large

- 1) Check that the load is not too heavy.
- 2) Check that the torque boost setting (Pr. 0) is correct.
- 3) Check that the base frequency setting (Pr. 3) is correct.
- 4) Check that the load pattern selection setting (Pr. 14) is appropriate.
- 5) Check that the base frequency voltage setting (Pr. 19) is correct.

Speed does not increase

- 1) Check that the maximum frequency setting (Pr. 1) is correct. (If you want to run the motor at 120Hz or more, set Pr. 18 High speed maximum frequency. Refer to Instruction Manual.)
- 2) Check that the load is not too heavy. (In agitators, etc., load may become heavier in winter.)
- 3) Check that the brake resistor is not connected to terminals P/+P1 accidentally.

Speed varies during operation

- 1) Inspection of load
 - Check that the load is not varying.
- 2) Check the input signal
 - Check that the frequency setting signal is not varying.
 - Check that the frequency setting signal is not affected by noise.
 - Check for a malfunction due to undesirable currents when the transistor output unit is connected.
- 3) Others
 - Check that the wiring length is not too long for V/F control.

Operation panel (FR-DU07) display is not operating

Check that the operation panel is connected to the inverter securely.

Parameter write cannot be performed

- 1) Make sure that operation is not being performed (signal STF or STR is not ON).
- 2) Make sure that you are not attempting to set the parameter in the external operation mode.
- 3) Check Pr. 77 Parameter write selection.
- 4) Check Pr. 161 Frequency setting/key lock operation selection.

Appendix B: Variable Speed Drive Inverter

B.4 Correspondances Between Digital and Actual Characters

There are the following correspondences between the actual alphanumeric characters and the digital characters displayed on the operation panel.

Actual	Digital
0	
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	

Actual	Digital
A	
B	
C	
D	
E	
F	
G	
H	
I	
J	
L	

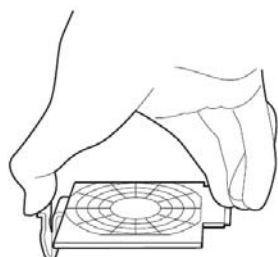
Actual	Digital
M	
N	
O	
o	
P	
S	
T	
U	
V	
r	
-	

Appendix B: Variable Speed Drive Inverter

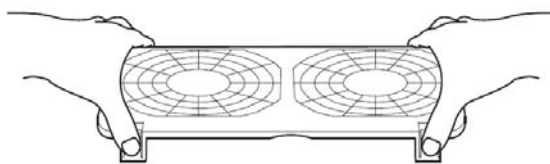
B.5 Cooling Fan Replacement

Removal

1. Push the hooks from above and remove the fan cover.



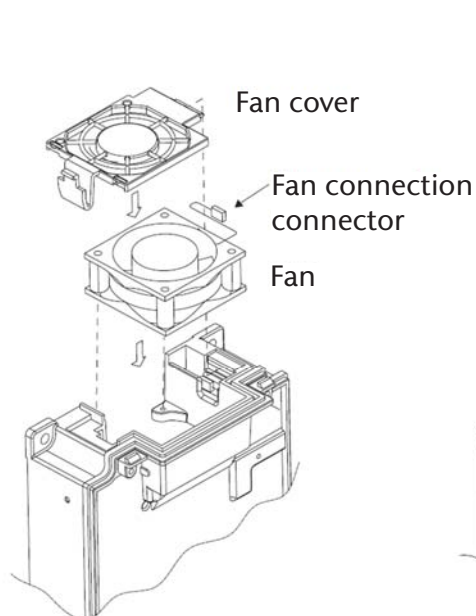
FR-F720-00250
FR-F740-00126



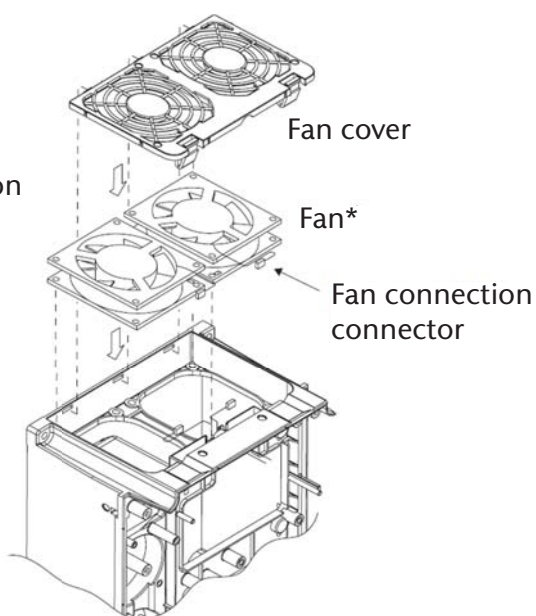
FR-F720-00340 to 00490
FR-F740-00170 to 00250

2. Disconnect the fan connectors.

3. Remove the fan.



FR-F720-00250
FR-F740-00126



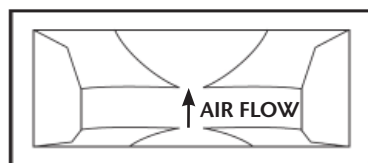
FR-F720-00340 to 00490
FR-F740-00170 to 00250

Appendix B: Variable Speed Drive Inverter

B.5 Cooling Fan Replacement (continued)

Reinstallation

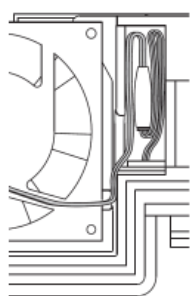
1. After confirming the orientation of the fan, reinstall the fan so that the arrow on the left of "AIR FLOW" faces up.



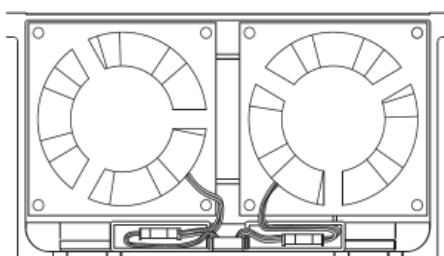
<Fan side face>

CAUTION: Installing the fan in the opposite air flow direction can cause the inverter life to be shorter.

2. Reconnect the fan connectors. When wiring, use care to avoid the cables being caught by the fan.



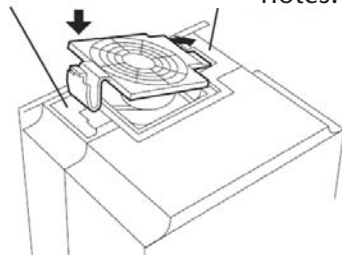
FR-F720-00250
FR-F740-00126



FR-F720-00340 to 00490
FR-F740-00170 to 00250

3. Reinstall the fan cover.

2. Insert hooks until you hear a click sound.
1. Insert hooks into holes.



FR-F720-00250
FR-F740-00126

1. Insert hooks into holes.
2. Insert hooks until you hear a click sound.



FR-F720-00340 to 00490
FR-F740-00170 to 00250

Appendix B: Variable Speed Drive Inverter

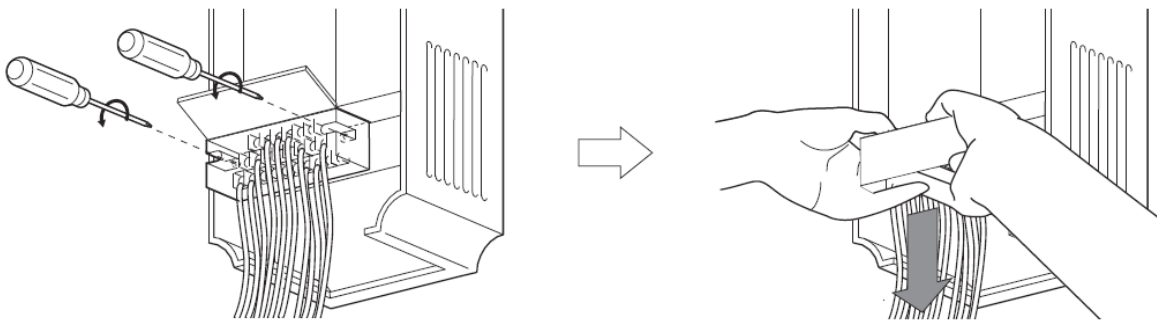
B.6 Inverter Replacement

WARNING:

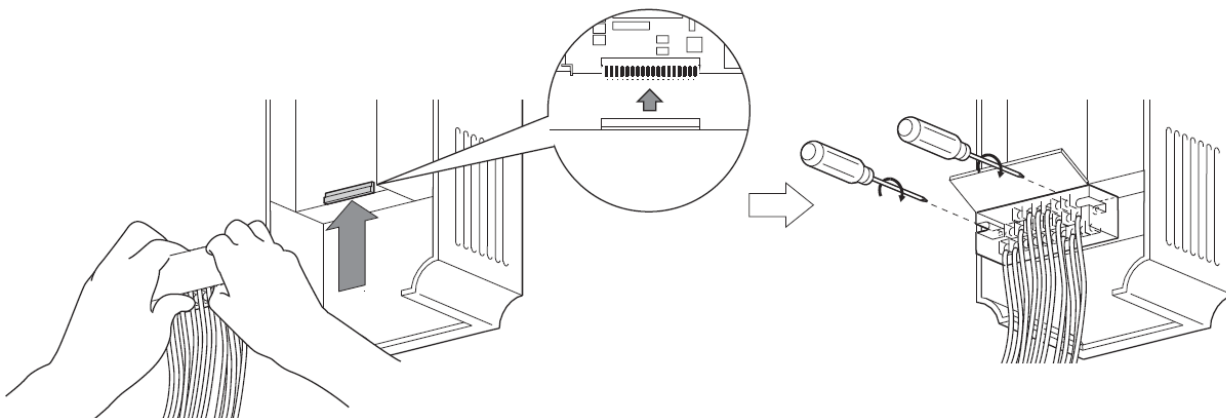
Before starting inverter replacement, switch power off, wait for at least 10 minutes, and then check the voltage with a tester and such to ensure safety.

The inverter can be replaced with the control circuit wiring kept connected. Before replacement, remove the wiring cover of the inverter.

1. Loosen the two installation screws in both ends of the control circuit terminal block. (These screws cannot be removed.) Pull down the terminal block from behind the control circuit terminals.



2. Using care not to bend the pins of the inverter's control circuit connector, reinstall the control circuit terminal block and fix it with the mounting screws.



Appendix B: Variable Speed Drive Inverter

B.7 Parts List

Part Number (Qty)		Description
Inverter	Cooling Fan	
4107 6511 58	FAN02-013 (1)	Inverter, VSD 7.5 HP 208-240V (FR-F720-00250-NA)
4107 6511 59	FAN02-012 (2)	Inverter, VSD 10 HP 208-240V (FR-F720-00340-NA)
4107 6511 60	FAN02-012 (2)	Inverter, VSD 15 HP 208-240V (FR-F720-00490-NA)
4107 6511 61	FAN02-013 (1)	Inverter, VSD 7.5 HP 380-480V (FR-F740-00126-NA)
4107 6511 62	FAN02-012 (2)	Inverter, VSD 10 HP 380-480V (FR-F740-00170-NA)
4107 6511 63	FAN02-012 (2)	Inverter, VSD 15 HP 380-480V (FR-F740-00250-NA)
4107 6511 64	FAN02-013 (1)	Inverter, VSD 5 Hp 200V (FR-F720-00167-NA)
4107 6511 65	FAN02-013 (1)	Inverter, VSD 5 HP 400V (FR-F740-0083-NA)
For additional parts or information, please contact BEACONMEDÆS Tech Support at 888-4-MEDGAS. Please provide the serial number of your system.		



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